

FORTIETH YEAR

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, '22

PRICE FIVE CENTS

NESTOS WANTS
ACTION ON HIS
ECONOMY PLANGovernor Asks County Auditors
to Send in Reports Upon
Economies Enforced

RECEIVES COOPERATION

All Replies Sound Good, He Says
in Letter—Questions High
Expense Wisdom Now

Governor R. A. Nestos today dispatched a letter to county auditors asking for a report upon what boards of county commissioners have done to effect governmental economies.

Many letters of co-operation have been received by the Governor since he dispatched his circular to the boards of commissioners asking that they cooperate in reducing the tax burden in the state. The effort will not stop with this appeal, however, the Governor indicated in his letter to auditors. He wishes to have a specific report upon the various boards.

"I have already had some replies to this letter and without exception promise of cooperation," the Governor wrote. "It is, however, very important that as specific as possible and to have it follow very definite lines and I am hoping in case we have a response from all of the boards of county commissioners, through the county auditors, to compile statistics of recommendations made and actions taken by the boards. I wish, therefore, that as soon as the January meeting of the board closes you would write me and state just what your board has done and is doing along this line; what reductions and eliminations can be made and will be made by them during the coming year and also what promises of cooperation they have had from the township, village, city and school districts of your county, together with an estimate of what saving will result from this course."

The Governor also asked advice of the commissioners with regard to road building programs.

"I have been in the past, and still am, a strong believer in the need and desirability of building good roads and I hope that in the years to come North Dakota may lead the states of the Union in its road building program; but with the conditions existing at the present time I was wondering whether it would not be policy to curtail the road-building also for one or two years until we get our finances in better shape."

"I wish that you would call this to the attention of the county commissioners and let me have the benefit of their advice in regard thereto."

SECRECY MARKS
FUNERAL RITESReporters Barré From Cemetery
When Senator Penrose is Buried

Philadelphia, Jan. 5.—The funeral of Senator Boies Penrose was held this morning. The same great secrecy that surrounded the making of arrangements for the funeral was maintained until the body of the political leader was lowered into the brick-lined grave in South Laurel Hill cemetery. No information was forthcoming whether there were any religious ceremonies at the house or the cemetery. Newspaper reporters were not admitted to the burial grounds.

The immediate family of Senator Penrose, who was a bachelor, consists of three brothers.

SPROUL NOT TO RESIGN
Philadelphia, Jan. 5.—Gov. Sproul was expected today to name a successor to Senator Penrose within the next few days. He announced last night that he would not resign to take the senatorship.

SAW 10 YANKS
HANGED, HE SAYSTestimony of Former Soldier
Given at Washington

Washington, Jan. 5.—Further testimony relative to the hanging of American soldiers at Is-sur-Tille, France, was presented today to the senate committee investigating the charges by Senator Watson, Democrat, Georgia, that soldiers had been executed without trial.

Herbert L. Cadenhead of Greenville, Miss., a former service man, declared he had witnessed "10 or 12" executions at Is-sur-Tille while engaged in transporting German prisoners in the vicinity of that place.

War department records previously submitted to the committee showed that two soldiers were hanged at Is-sur-Tille after conviction by general court-martial and gave the total executions in the A. E. F. as 11 after all had formal trial before military courts. Cadenhead did not know whether any of the men he saw hanged had been sent to their death without trial.

The name of the metal nickel comes from a Scandinavian legend which attributes the hardness of metal to the evil spirit Níkk.

SET NEW AIR RECORD, BUT—
'Twas Only Through Fear of RidiculeFLOYD BERTAUD (LEFT), AND EDWARD STINSON, WHO BROKE
WORLD'S AIR ENDURANCE RECORD. INSET, THEIR PLANE, THE
JL-6.

By NEA Service
New York, Jan. 5.—Fear of "one another's ridicule is the only thing that enabled Edward Stinson and Floyd Bertaud, Mineola field flyers, to set a new world's endurance flight record. They stayed in the air 26 hours, 19 minutes and 32 seconds. That's two hours longer than anyone else ever has remained in the sky in a plane.

Stinson and Bertaud made their record at night in the teeth of a zero gale. At 2 a. m., their auxiliary oil feed broke, spraying them with oil. Then they had to forswear their warm cabin and stand outside, oiling the motor by hand.

"If we have to break the endurance record again it can stand forever," both birdmen said as they came down.

"It was an experience I don't want to repeat," Stinson said. "Blinding snow. Bitter cold wind."

MUST OVERHAUL
MARKETING PLANProfessor Talks to Several
Hundred Farmers

St. Paul, Jan. 5.—The marketing machinery of the farmer is badly in need of repairs and must be completely overhauled before this essential industry will receive its full compensation, W. C. Coffey, dean and director of the university of agriculture, declared today before the noonday assembly of hundreds of people attending the farmers' and homemakers' hort course at university farm.

"We see that the farmers' marketing machinery is antiquated, that it possibly has never enjoyed a good system of distribution for his products that as compared with the systems in other industries it is as a one-horse shay to a high-powered automobile," said Dean Coffey.

He declared, however, that in their efforts to solve the problems of marketing rural credits and freight rates the farmers must not overlook the aims at progress in production.

LIMITATIONS
STATUTE SAVES
M. LEMBERGER

Madison, Wis., Jan. 5.—Martin Lemberger, held in connection with the death of his 7-year-old daughter, Anne, killed on the night of Sept. 5, 1911, will free himself from a charge of fourth degree manslaughter entered against him today by taking advantage of the statute of limitations which outlaws a manslaughter charge six years after a crime has been committed.

D. A. Johnson, who has served ten years of a life sentence for the murder of the girl will be pardoned by Governor Blaine, according to authentic information.

WEATHER REPORT

For Twenty-four hours ending at noon, Jan. 5, 1922.
Temperature at 7 a. m. —24
Temperature at 8 a. m. —26
Highest yesterday —18
Lowest yesterday —25
Lowest last night —25
Precipitation None
Highest wind velocity 8-NW

Weather Forecast
For Bismarck and vicinity: Fair tonight and probably Friday, rising temperature.
For North Dakota: Fair tonight and probably Friday, rising temperature.

Weather Conditions.
The low pressure area noted Wednesday over Missouri has advanced to the eastern lake region, accompanied precipitation from southern Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri eastward. The northern high pressure area has extended southward over the middle Mississippi Valley accompanied by a cold wave over the latter region.
ORRIS W. ROBERTS,
Meteorologist.

"How could I stand it? Only because my wife signaled encouragement to me all night long."
"Many times the thought came to me that we were a couple of fools up there freezing for nothing. But I was ashamed to tell Bertaud. He looked game."

Bertaud laughed.
"I was thinking the same thing," he said. "I thought years were passing up there. I'd look at my watch and swear I wouldn't look at it again for an hour. After a long time I'd take it out—and find five minutes had passed."

"Never again for me!" Stinson said.

"Then Mrs. Stinson, who'd been listening, broke in.
"Just wait till they get thawed out," she said. "Eddie's going to smash that record within two years if I have anything to say about it."

TEMPERATURES
HIT LOW MARK
IN NORTHWEST

The northern high pressure area which brought low temperatures throughout the Northwest has extended into the Mississippi valley with an accompanying cold wave, the weather bureau reported today.

Among the coldest places today in the Northwest were: Bismarck, —25; Charles City, —8; Huron, —18; Lander, —4; Modena, —2; Moorhead, —16; Rapid City, —4; St. Paul, —6; Sheridan, —12; Williston, —14; Winnipeg, —14.

Edmonton showed zero and Calgary was 4 above, indicating that the high pressure area was sweeping southward and that it centered over North Dakota early today.

ENCAMPMENT
WILL INSTALLSocial to Follow Installation
Here Friday Evening

New officers of Custer Encampment No. 10, I. O. O. F., will be installed Friday evening January 6, the installation to be in charge of C. L. Hanson, district deputy grand patriarch.

Following the installation, there will be a social given by the members of the Patriarchs Militant and the Rebekah lodges and subordinate lodges in honor of the new officers. Refreshments will be served by the Rebekahs. All visiting members are cordially invited to be present.

Officers of the Custer Encampment are: District Deputy C. L. Hanson; Chief Patriarch, H. J. Stroelke; High Priest, Melvin Welch; Senior Warden, R. E. Corlander; Scribe, Christian Nelson, Treasurer, Matt Tillon.

CALLED SANE,
BURCH ANGEREDWitness Testifies That Prisoner
Is Sane

Los Angeles, Calif., Jan. 6.—Cross-examinations of Dr. Thomas J. Orblison, alienist, called by the state to rebut testimony of defense mental experts that Arthur C. Burch was insane if he killed J. Belton Kennedy, was expected to be resumed at Burch's trial here today.

Doctor Orblison already had undergone three hours of cross-examination throughout which he maintained his original contention that Burch was not insane.
The witness said he had examined Burch five or six times. "When I told Burch I could find no indication he was insane he seemed to resent it," Dr. Orblison testified.

AGREEMENT BY
JAPS-CHINESE
IS HOPED FORAppeared Today as the One
Problem on Which There
Is Disagreement

JAPAN ACCEPTS SUB PLAN

Italy's Acceptance in Principle
to Root Proposal is Now
Being Hoped For

ITALY ACCEPTS.
Washington, Jan. 5.—(By Associated Press.)—Italy has decided to accept the Sen Root resolution prohibiting attacks by submarines on merchant ships provided the French delegation does the same. It was said in authoritative Italian circles. This decision will make it possible to hold a session of the full naval committee today.

Washington, Jan. 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—With all other problems of the armament conference rapidly moving toward the point of final settlement the Shantung negotiations between the Japanese and Chinese delegations alone today presented a dubious fact as to whether their resumption is to result in agreement or a final deadlock while the Far Eastern committee as a whole met today to take action on the decision of its subcommittee on the Chinese tariffs. The two delegations faced another meeting in their efforts to settle the controversy which has developed over the mode of payment for the Kaio Tsing-tsu railroad in the former German leasehold.

In the first meeting yesterday since the "conversations" were adjourned because of the deadlock over this issue there were no outward indications that either side had abandoned its former position on it.

Approve Root Plan
With settlement of the technical details of the naval limitation plan now advanced by the naval experts to a point where final disposition of the subject was declared in some quarters to be only a question of hours the problem of submarine regulations also had been advanced another step toward decision today by Japan's acceptance in principle of the Root resolution proposing to outlaw the use of submarines against merchant vessels. Italy alone remains to accept the proposition and was believed a decision by the full naval committee might take place late today.

AGREE ON CHINESE TARIFF.

Washington, Jan. 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—The agreement for an increase of Chinese tariff rates to an effective 5 per cent was adopted today by the nine conference powers sitting as a committee on far eastern question.

All of the eight powers approved the program for increasing Chinese revenue and the Chinese delegates accepted the report submitted by Senator Underwood, chairman of the subcommittee.

The Far Eastern committee also adopted a resolution providing for eventual withdrawal of foreign troops from China. Upon the request of China the resolution provides the ministers at Peking of the eight powers will meet with a committee of three Chinese to discuss the troop withdrawal question.

COAL MINERS
CALL FOR AIDSend Appeal to President Harding
Asking For Assistance

Washington, Jan. 5.—West Virginia coal miners who say their families are starving have appealed directly to President Harding for government aid. Letters the miners have sent to the president are contradictory of the statement issued by Governor Morgan of West Virginia that there is no starvation among the miners' families.

The letter to the president from the local union of the United Mine Workers at Marlinton, West Virginia, says: "At the meeting of our local union located at Marlinton, W. Va., the miners instructed us to appeal to you for financial aid to support their wives and babies. The men have worked about three months this year. Why the mines are not running we are unable to say."

"The majority or practically all of the men who number about 200 are in a destitute condition, some not even having a meal ahead, for the means of obtaining such. The only hope we have to ward off intense suffering is by appealing to our national government for aid through you."

LADD ASKS NEW
TARIFF ON WHEAT

Washington, Jan. 5.—Taxes on imports of wheat and flax which would protect growers of those crops in the northwest against "ultimate extinction" was asked of senate tariff makers today by Senator Ladd, Republican, North Dakota.

MILLER IMPROVED

St. Paul, Jan. 5.—The condition of Clarence B. Miller, secretary of the Republican national committee, who was operated on for appendicitis Monday, is thought by hospital attendants to be somewhat improved today but he is still critically ill.

World's highest and fastest passenger elevators are in the Woolworth Building, New York, traveling 754 feet in one minute.

LIFER BACK IN PEN CHERISHES
THOUGHT HE WENT TO HIS MOTHER

Harry Smith, back in the state penitentiary for life, has one thought to cherish—he was with his mother when she died.

He told Arland Stair, who brought him back from Ottumwa, Iowa, where he was captured, that he had gone to his mother as soon as he could after he escaped while with the prison ball team at Hebron, September 3, 1920, and had stayed with her every day. She died six weeks ago.

"Smith made a long, circuitous flight after escaping while on his honor, but got to his aged mother at Ottumwa, for whom he always has professed deep devotion, as quickly as possible. He told officers he had been with her a year when she died. He remained in Ottumwa as a musical instructor

when an officer recognized him from his photograph, having been asked by prison officials to watch for him, appearing in Ottumwa.

Daniel Noah, another escaped "lifer," captured in Hutchinson, Kansas, and brought back with Smith, owes his downfall to "hooch," according to Stair. He was picked up for being disorderly, Stair said, and Hutchinson police identified him from a photograph.

Noah had found no peace since escaping from prison in 1918. He had wandered over the country, although he refused to tell officers of his wanderings. They believe he wandered into Hutchinson in his continued flight and there was caught. Noah escaped in 1918.

FLOOD CAUSES
SUFFERING

Panama, Jan. 5.—Additional reports from the province of Darien state that numerous villages have been inundated by waters from the river Quera. The inhabitants are suffering from hunger and exposure, their cattle and other possessions having been swept away. The government has sent a launch loaded with foodstuffs and medicines to the sufferers.

DECEMBER TERM
IS CONTINUEDMany Cases Still on Calendar
For Disposition

"The continued December term of court probably will last through next week, with jury trials. There are a number of cases on the calendar for early trial, including one criminal case."

Judge Coffey has sentenced Walter Harold, 20 years old, to the state training school until he is 21. He pleaded guilty to grand larceny, having stolen two dresses and a suit from the home of Mrs. Ruth Pickering. The young man is married.

Among the cases disposed of are: Bismarck Bank vs. U. S. Sisk Trust, default judgment against L. A. Simpson for \$5,000.

Crane, Ordway and Company vs. Tony Neugebauer, default judgment for \$400.

E. T. Burke vs. J. W. Pauley, default judgment for \$331.

T. P. Sheldon vs. Great American Insurance company, for fire insurance verdict for \$520.

E. B. Marshall vs. J. C. Morford et al, case submitted without jury trial.

Bismarck Tire and Auto Co. vs. H. Dunbar, submitted without jury trial.

P. E. Byrne vs. John A. Johnson, for rent on farm land. Submitted to jury.

John Keifer vs. Farmers Union Elevator and Mercantile Co., of Regan, suit to recover on mortgaged grain alleged sold. Verdict directed for defendant.

NEW STORE TO
BE HANDSOME

The Richmond Bootery, on Fourth street, will when finished, be one of the handsomest retail shoe houses in the state. The building has been refurnished, the interior combining a soft gray for walls and ceiling and the woodwork and window trimmings of mahogany. Draperies of a soft gray have been ordered. Floor covering will harmonize with the general color scheme. Improved fixtures, wall cases and display features of new design with prism glass for perfect lighting add to the general appearance.

THIEVES SCOOP
MANY JEWELS

Minneapolis, Jan. 5.—Thieves who shattered a plate glass window with a rock scooped a quantity of display jewelry at the store of W. C. Leber here early today. The proprietor reported that his loss was \$1,000.

50 KILLED IN
AN EXPLOSION

Athens, Greece, Jan. 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—Fifty bodies have been recovered from the Greek torpedo boat destroyer, Leon, anchored in the harbor of Piraeus which was wrecked yesterday by an explosion of a torpedo. The explosion damaged near-by warships and caused houses ashore to collapse, killing a number of inhabitants.

TWO CITIES ARE SEEKING TO TAKE
GUARD COMPANY FROM BISMARCK

Five new national guard companies in North Dakota will be inspected and mustered in by next week. Adjutant General Fraser announced today. Major Harold Sorenson, of the Adjutant General's office, and Capt. G. A. M. Anderson, U. S. A., instructor-in-charge of the guard, are now engaged in the inspection and mustering.

New companies to be mustered in are: Minn. company, headquarters at Bismarck; Minn. company, headquarters at Bismarck; Minn. company, headquarters at Bismarck; Minn. company, headquarters at Bismarck; Minn. company, headquarters at Bismarck.

DEBATE HALTED
AS IRISH TALK
DEVALERA PLANAdjournment Taken Until After-
noon to Give Members Chance
to Discuss New Proposal

HELD A HOPEFUL SIGN

Member of Dail Eireann, How-
ever, Says Positively Treaty
Is Beaten By 2 Votes

Dublin, Jan. 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Dail Eireann met this morning and immediately adjourned until 3 o'clock this afternoon. The adjournment was to give members an opportunity of discussing the situation created by the presentation of Eamon DeValera's alternative proposals. It was regarded by many observers of the proceedings as a hopeful sign that some form of agreement might be reached.

SITUATION A PUZZLE

London, Jan. 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—The English newspaper correspondents at Dublin venture predictions as to the result of Eamon DeValera's suddenly announced plan to amend the Irish peace treaty but all record the amazement caused by his action and doubts arising from it. They generally agree that entrance of this new factor has greatly altered the situation and that the action of the Dail cannot be predicted.

PREDICTS DEFEAT

London, Jan. 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—J. J. Walsh, member of the Dail Eireann, is quoted in a Central News dispatch from London today as saying in a statement:

"I can definitely state that as the position stands the treaty will be defeated by at least two votes."

WILL BUILD
MORE ROADS
IN NEBRASKALegislature To Meet To Find
Ways and Means Of Rais-
ing Money

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 5.—Members of the Nebraska legislature will be called in special session about February 1 for the primary purpose of enacting legislation with a view of raising money for road construction through a tax on gasoline and considering such other subjects, which, in the opinion of legislators, should be included in the call that formally will be issued by Governor Samuel R. McKeel within the next two weeks. Pending expressions from members the governor has set February 1 as the date but, he advises them, he can as easily call the session on January 18 or January 25.

The gasoline tax as proposed by the governor would be assessed on tourists as well as Nebraska consumers, and tentatively has been suggested as one per cent per gallon. Such a tax would relieve the strain on real property tax, principally farm lands, the governor explains, which, together with the decline in prices of agricultural products, has made the burden of taxation on farms doubly hard, he says.

Four other subjects are outlined in the letter the governor has written to members of the assembly which he informs them has his consideration. On these, as well as other pieces of legislation which legislators might have in mind for consideration, the governor asks their opinion, admonishing them at the same time that the session must be as brief as will be admitted by the absolute necessities of the occasion.

Slashes in wages of state employees, maintenance and construction appropriations, amendments to the state bank guaranty law similar to the operation of the South Dakota law reappropriation of the accumulated balance of the capitol building fund, if necessary, and the appointment of a special tax commission to sit throughout the remainder of the biennium for the purpose of observing needed revisions in the tax code of the state to be proposed at the next regular session of the legislature are the subjects which Governor McKelvie publicly has announced for consideration by the special session.

K. P. OFFICERS
ARE INSTALLEDSt. Elmo Lodge Gives New Di-
rectors of Lodge Good

Officers of the St. Elmo Lodge, Knights of Pythias, installed officers at an open meeting last night. About 75 men and women including several visitors from out-of-town lodges were present.

A banquet followed the installation of C. C. Carlson, chancellor commandant and other new officers. H. F. O'Hara was toastmaster. An interesting program of toasts and entertainment was provided.

Films are being shown in 16,000 theaters in the United States.

PRES. HOWARD OF A. F. B. F. TELLS OF THE NEW BORN LEGISLATIVE BABY—THE AGRICULTURAL BLOC.

For Whom The "Fathers Of The Nation" Are Showing Much Concern

SAYS 'BLOC' IS NOT MENACE

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 4. — While President James Howard of the American Farm Bureau Federation gave some details of his belief in the Agricultural Bloc in Congress before the North Dakota Farm Bureau Federation at Fargo last week, he reserved his complete answer of the opponents of the bloc for the meeting of the Minnesota Farm Bureau Federation here, including an answer to the recent attack of Secretary Weeks. In the beginning of his address, Mr. Howard told of the creation of the agricultural bloc.

"Over this new-born legislative baby left on the doorstep of Congress the fathers of the nation are showing much concern," he said in his address yesterday. "Long experience with babies of this kind should make them less perturbed as to its development. This baby, however, immediately developed complex and showed an amazing disregard for gray hairs, whether parted on the republican or democratic side."

Farmers Hit Hard
"I want to make it perfectly clear that in the past two years of readjustments we are not the only people who have suffered. However, the figures of the bureau of labor, which is the nation's principal price reporting agency, indicate that the price of farm products is much lower than the price of any other commodities, and from those figures must be subtracted the farmer's cost for marketing his goods. Four months ago the farmer's costs purchasing power, on the basis of commodity exchange, was 65 per cent of the pre-war level. Two months ago it dropped to 63 per cent and the probability is that when the figures of the past month have been digested it will not be more than 60 per cent. The city, even today, does not sense the situation. Many congressmen do not understand and the entire profits of hundreds of thousands of farmers were wiped out last year, that many farmers are bankrupt and others would be should the banks call their loans."

"When Congress convened last April the situation had become so tense that a number of congressmen who knew the actual conditions confronting agriculture resolved that it was time for something to be done in order to save not only the farmer, but the industries of the nation. They recognized that the key to the situation lay largely in assisting agriculture to come back. This resulted in the formation of that much discussed group in Congress—the agricultural bloc."

"The agricultural bloc is not a menace. It is a national asset. If it seemingly runs counter to established thoughts and established customs, it should not be condemned unless those new things which it advocates can be proved to be detrimental to the public welfare. If it is, I believe it does, the well-being of the vast majority of Americans, it should be hailed with delight and heralded abroad as a landmark in national progress."

"Let me say, however, that strongly as I have endeavored to state the necessity for the consideration of agriculture by our national administration at this time, and strongly as I have definitely defined the organization and functioning of the agricultural bloc, we all deplore a condition which brings about bloc legislation. Do not think for one moment that the agricultural bloc is the first ever formed in this country. There have been blocs before—manufacturers' blocs, tariff blocs, wet blocs, dry blocs, bankers' blocs and packers' blocs. I hope and trust that the time may come in our national life when we will have that measure of degree of statesmanship and decreasing to one national politics that will equally serve all the interests of the whole country without the necessity for blocs or cliques or factions."

DAIRYMEN WILL MEET AT MINOT

North Dakota dairymen will hold their annual convention at Minot, March 7, 8 and 9 according to the announcement of Robert Flint, State Dairy Commissioner, and also by virtue of his office, secretary of the Dairy Association. It is the second time in the history of the association that the meeting has been held in the city.

Kiddies' Colds Can Be Eased Quickly

Dr. King's New Discovery will do that very thing, easily and quickly. Don't say, "Poor little kiddie, I wish I knew what to do for you." When the cough first comes, give a little Dr. King's New Discovery as directed, and it will soon be eased.

It's a good family cough and cold remedy, too. Loosens up the phlegm, clears up the croup, relieves the congestion. No harmful drugs. "For fifty years a standard remedy for colds, coughs, croup, and whooping cough, 60c. a bottle."

Dr. King's New Discovery For Colds and Coughs

Constipated? Here's Relief! Cleanse the system, with Dr. King's Pills. They prompt free bile flow, stir up the lazy liver and get at the root of the trouble. All druggists, 25c.

Dr. King's Pills

PROMPT! WON'T GRIPE

northwestern part of the state and the convention was awarded to that district this year because of the very unusual advance in dairy interests in that section in the last few years. At the last convention of the association, Mr. Flint was elected president and when he accepted the position of dairy commissioner he found himself giving both the positions of president and secretary. He promptly handed his resignation of himself as president to himself as secretary and J. W. Morrow of Minot will be president of the association until the next annual meeting.

CLEAN DANCING CRUSADES ARE BEING STARTED

Dancing Masters Think Wrigling "Jazz" Will Soon Be Thing of Past

SOME DON'TS FOR DANCERS

Chicago, Jan. 4.—"The Jazz" is slowly but surely going into the discard, according to a statement issued here by Fenton Bott, of Dayton, Ohio, director of dance reform of the American National Association, Masters of Dancing.

"The 'Fox Trot' is the dance that receives the most abuse by the dancer," said the statement, "and it is the 'Fox Trot' music, that has been played in 'Jazz' fashion, that causes the dancer to abuse the popular dance. There is nothing wrong with the 'Fox Trot' or the steps in the 'Fox Trot,' but it is a conceded fact among all teachers of dancing that the Oriental suggestiveness and broken time in the Fox Trot Jazz music, together with the lack of sufficient supervision, is responsible for the downward trend of the dance."

"The American National Association of Masters of Dancing began two years ago, to work for cleaner dancing. Hundreds of Welfare Associations, thousands of college deans, police women everywhere and finally the public dance hall proprietors are allied in the work with us. We all feel and hope that the crest of the wave of this disgusting wrigling 'Jazz' has been reached and reports to us from every part of the country show 'clean dancing' crusades being started everywhere."

"All exaggerated movements, especially of the upper parts of the body are in very bad taste in social dancing, and are never found with true refinement and culture."

Nine don'ts are given in the statement. They are:

"Don't permit vulgar jazz music to be played."

"Don't permit young men to hold their partners tightly."

"Don't permit partners to dance with cheeks close or touching."

"Don't permit 'neck-holds'."

"So-called 'shimmy' or 'toddle' dancing should not be tolerated."

"Don't permit dancers to take either exceptionally long or short steps."

"Don't dance from the waist up—dance from the waist down."

"Don't permit suggestive movements."

"Don't permit dancers to copy the extremes that are now used on the modern stage."

ORGANIZING IN MINNESOTA

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 4.—A sixth of the membership of the U. S. Grain Growers national co-operative grain marketing corporation of farmers, is in the northwest states according to a review of the first year's work made public at the office here.

The northwest total is 6,500. The bulk of this is in North Dakota, while Minnesota has something like 1,000, and South Dakota membership is half that.

Organization work has been in progress in Minnesota seven weeks, despite early indications that nothing would be done in that state before 1922, says the statement. Inter-organization strife prevented active solicitation for six months. Despairing of harmony, national offices early in November placed J. S. Jones, organization director for the Minnesota Farm Bureau Federation in charge and work has been initiated in four counties.

Chilean Fruit Finds Market In The U. S.

Santiago, Chile, Jan. 4.—Chilean fruit growers are beginning to find a market for their fruit in the United States. Shipments of Chilean peaches, grapes, melons, cherries, plums, strawberries and chirimoyas, a kind of custard apple, have been disposed of in New York at good prices, says F. R. Jones, director of agriculture. The director has pointed out to Chilean growers that the best market in New York is to be found from January to April and advised them as to the best method of sending their fruits more than 5,000 miles to the New York market.

Gold was used by the Romans for filling teeth 500 years before Christ.

In remote parts of Scotland people still wear calskin parters to prevent rheumatism.

MOB VIOLENCE FEARED IN CHILD MURDER EPIDEMIC



RECENT VICTIMS OF CHILD MURDERERS. LEFT TO RIGHT, TOP: THERESA KUCHARSKI, GILBERT BEANE; BELOW, JEANNETTE LAWRENCE, BLAKELY COUGHLIN, GIUSEPPE VAROTTA. ABOVE, CENTER, IS THE SUITCASE IN WHICH SEARCHERS FOUND THE BODY OF THERESA KUCHARSKI.

AMERICAN LEGION'S PROGRAM

Includes Loaning of Millions To Legionnaires Who May Be In Temporary Need

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 4.—A fund of several million dollars to be loaned without interest and with only a man's good standing in the American Legion as security, to world war veterans who may be in temporary need because of disability, illness and attendant unemployment or other causes, is planned by National Commander Hanford MacNider, who today announced the Legion's service program for this coming year.

Mr. MacNider would create this fund by a pool of adjusted compensation allotments of veterans who feel they can spare the use of the money which would come to them under the terms of the federal adjusted compensation bill, which the Legion leader asserts is certain of passage by the present Congress.

Mr. MacNider said announcement of this revolving fund plan would remove "practically the last vestige of opposition to the compensation measure by providing a way by which every dollar paid out by the government under this act can be used to strengthen the economic fabric of the country by the rehabilitation of needy individuals who are not compensable under existing laws and who, owing to administrative delays, have not received the benefits to which they are entitled."

"While perhaps not more than two or three per cent of the men who served in the late war will not be able to use in manners which will be of lasting benefit to themselves, their families and their communities, the benefits which would accrue to them under the broad and diverse terms of the adjusted compensation bill," continued Mr. MacNider, "from this year we mean to obtain a fund of several million dollars to be used for the perpetual benefit of our less fortunate comrades."

"In every community we have well-to-do men who are without employment. The ex-soldier and ex-sailor has suffered more than any other class from the present industrial depression. The Legion is doing all within its power to help them, but our means are limited. The fund we mean to create by donations of adjusted compensation allotments by men and women who can spare it will solve the problem of the needy veteran who wants to work but can find no work to do."

"Another class is the sick and disabled. There are 30,000 men in hospitals now under government care for infirmities caused by military or naval service. Not more than two-thirds of these men are drawing the disability compensation to which they are entitled. Hundreds have been obliged to leave the hospitals and in their onfeeling epidemics try to work to support their families for whom the government has totally neglected to provide. There is another and larger class suffering from afflictions traceable to service who are receiving not even hospital care."

"There will shortly be launched by the Legion organization a campaign to bring to the attention of the bureau the case of every man who is not receiving the benefits to which he is entitled under the laws the bureau is supposed to carry out. It will be found that an astounding number of men will fall in this class. Thousands are in actual want. We shall expect the bureau to adjudge each case fairly and promptly. If not, the time will be at hand for a public examination of the bureau's affairs."

"The Legion can build this fund into the greatest single asset for service to the veteran that can be devised. It will assure as nearly as is humanly possible that every dollar paid out under the adjusted compensation act will be of real and lasting benefit to the country by benefiting those who served their country at the expense of health and fortune."

Illinois is the greatest corn growing state in the union.

Boy Scout movement was initiated in England in 1908.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS GO TO FARMING

In This Way Some 600,000 Acres of Land Have Been Brought Under Cultivation

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Twenty-seven thousand Canadian soldiers have been settled on farms by the Canadian government and \$85,000,000 have been loaned to these men by their government, according to a letter sent to the Horse Association of America here by John Barnett, chairman of the Soldiers Settlement Board of Canada.

"Aggregated roughly this means that we have placed a population of 125,000 people on these lands," he said.

"Our settlers have been settled partly on free Crown Lands, and partly on lands purchased by this board and re-sold to him. In no case has a settler been required to possess more than \$500. We have, therefore, advanced practically the full purchase price of the lands we have bought, and in addition have advanced up to \$5,000 for permanent improvements, such as building fences, etc., and stock and equipment."

"The risk is necessarily great, but has been taken largely as a re-establishment venture."

"We have been in operation over three years, and the national results are already very great. Some 600,000 acres that were previously raw and entirely uncultivated, have been brought under cultivation. Last year soldier settlers produced field crops worth early \$15,000,000, to which must be added the value of the increase in stock and the value of poultry and dairy products."

"Out of the \$85,000,000, already expended, \$10,000,000 has been returned to the public treasury. Of due payments, more than 90 per cent was paid."

"Thus far, the number of men who have abandoned their efforts represents 7 per cent of our aggregate settlement. In the cases of abandonment, and despite the collapse in markets, we have salvaged and foreclosed more than 500 cases representing an investment of more than \$2,000,000, without any financial loss."

"Mr. Barnett in his letter mentions that the power furnished these farmers has, in a great majority of the cases, been horses, preferably mares He says:

"With the shortage of personal capital, each settler had to be furnished with such power equipment as would enable replacement with practically no cash outlay. This meant supplying as largely as possible to our settlers mares, in hope that the increase would in time provide not merely the necessary replacements, but also afford a source of revenue."

"Feed can be obtained from the farm itself, and no monetary outlay is involved. Power machinery, we felt would involve for upkeen and fuel supply, a cash outlay that few settlers could be reasonably expected to meet."

"We felt, also that the use of horse power, rather than motor power, would enable our settlers to utilize more of the by-products of the farm."

ALCOHOL SENDING GERMANS INSANE

Berlin, Jan. 4.—The number of cases of insanity attributed to the excessive use of alcohol has increased in Germany to such an extent that some writers view the situation with alarm. And discuss the advisability of restricting the use of intoxicants.

All illnesses due to use of alcohol have increased 100 per cent in the last year over the average for the war years, according to official statistics. Some authorities, denying that the use of alcohol has greatly increased, attribute the present situation to the weakened stamina of the German people.

English women it is said, consume more than a million cigarettes daily.

COOLDS

"Pape's Cold Compound" Breaks any Cold in a Few Hours

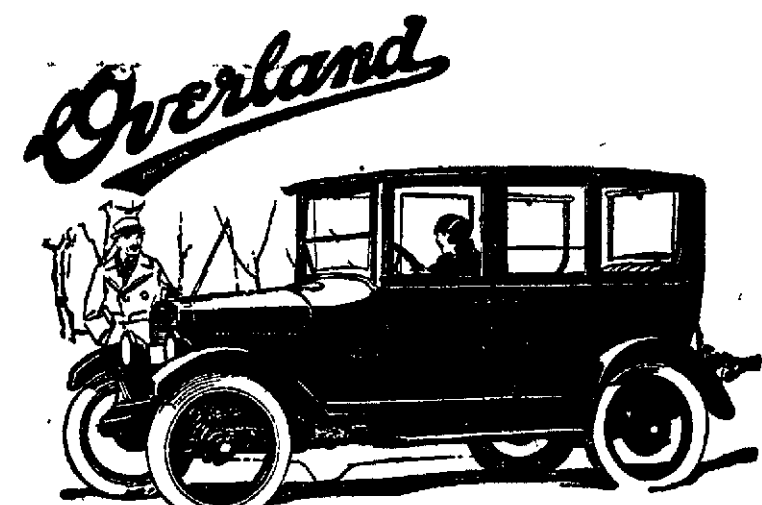
Instant Relief! Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks any cold right up.

The first dose opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages of head; stops

nose running; relieves headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no opium. Insist upon Pape's.

Adv.



Drive Two Cars and Still Save Money

Many an owner finds it profitable to use the Overland as a utility car, instead of the big car with its heavy operation expense.

25 miles to the gallon of gas, as most owners obtain, saves a deal of money throughout the year.

Quick starting, easy to handle in traffic, comfortable, always dependable.

The SEDAN \$895 f.o.b. Toledo

Roadster...\$995 Touring...\$995 Coupe...\$850

LAHR MOTOR SALES COMPANY

'Phone 490.

Open roofed observation cars may be installed on the electrified lines of a western railroad.

Oklahoma was the last state to be admitted to the union, Nov. 16, 1907.

Enough men named Smith joined the U. S. army during the war to compose 15 regiments.

Columbia produces the finest emeralds.

Yeast Vitamon Complexion Secret

Banishes Skin Eruptions, Puts on Firm Flesh, Strengthens the Nerves and Increases Energy.

If you want to quickly clear your skin and complexion, put some firm, healthy flesh on your bones, increase your nerve force and power and look and feel 100 per cent better, simply try taking two of Martin's VITAMON tablets with each meal and watch results. Martin's VITAMON Tablets contain highly concentrated yeast-vitamins as well as the two other still more important vitamins (Fat Soluble A and Water Soluble C) and are now being used by thousands as a tonic restorative and stimulating complexion secret. Pimples, boils and skin eruptions seem to vanish like magic in the complexion brought about by the use of Martin's VITAMON Tablets. The surest of a glowing, radiant complexion is from Martin's VITAMON. You can't expect external applications to benefit a condition due to internal conditions. Get some vitamins into your system. Be sure to remember the name—Martin's VITAMON. You can get Martin's VITAMON Tablets at all good druggists.



Of What Can Be Expected From It? You Have An Ugly Skin, Pimples, Boils, Blemishes, etc. Martin's VITAMON Tablets Are Perfectly Guaranteed. It's True. You Have Health, Beauty, and a Clear Face and Figure, or Money Back.

MARTIN'S VITAMON TABLETS

Are Positively Guaranteed to Put On Firm Flesh, Clear the Skin and Increase Energy When Taken With Every Meal or Before Bed.

If it's MARTIN'S it isn't VITAMON

Do You Know

That in every hundred men Statistics show

AT AGE 45	AT AGE 65
4 are well off	5 are well off
65 are self-supporting	6 are self-supporting
15 are dependent	35 are dependent
16 are dead	36 are dead

Thirty-five out of every hundred widows are left in absolute want, depending on charity (according to the records of the Surrogates' Court) forty-seven are obliged to work for a living; and only eighteen are left barely enough to get along with.

Other records show that only two out of every hundred men get to the "well off stage" by investing solely in their own business or putting their money in the Savings Bank. Savings must be put to work: Bonds, Stocks, Mortgages and all legitimate methods of investment must be employed if you would be one of the "well off" at sixty-five.

It is an interesting fact that an investigation which has extended over a number of years in Wall Street has revealed that it is only those who study the real causes which make Security prices rise or fall, who have been successful.

By means of these facts, investors are enabled to avoid buying in at the wrong time, which is usually the case with the uninformed. At this time when discrimination is exceedingly important and really vital, the funds you have left out of this awful crash should be placed with the greatest care.

The fiercest and most desperate competition is upon us that the people of this generation has ever seen and it is a clear case of "survival of the fittest."

There is going to be NO ORDER TAKING in 1922, it is going to be the PRICE that will count. Our prices must come down and the sooner we arrive at this conclusion the quicker we will begin to solve our problem and those that fail to heed this conclusion will cease to survive.

Tariffs and other legislation is not going to help us much only to prolong our agony.

Certainly, in view of your own experience in business and other investments you will agree with me that there is food for thought.

You cannot afford to make one mistake.

WILLIAM A. HUGHES, A Financial Expert.

SENTINEL BUTTE COOPERATIVE MILL PAYING

Joseph Kitchen Answers An
Editorial Question Published
In Weekly Newspaper

Because of an editorial in a local weekly paper, asking for information concerning the success of the people of Sentinel Butte in running a cooperative mill, Joseph A. Kitchen, Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor, while at his home following the dinner to state officials at Beach, investigated the financial condition. Mr. Kitchen is an officer in the mill, has been one of the stockholders throughout the life of the enterprise and has been associated with the mill from the beginning.

At the time of making the visit, Mr. Kitchen found that the mill was running more than full time to fill all the demands made upon it, and that financially it was in a most prosperous condition.

The information, requested in the editorial, as furnished by Mr. Kitchen follows:

"Apropos to your editorial of December 15th, which we note has been copied verbatim by many newspapers, entitled, 'Anent the Drake Mill,' I am very glad to supply you with this information:

"The Sentinel Butte So-operative Milling Company was organized about six years ago at \$25.00 per share; \$12,000.00 required for mill complete. No dividend was paid the first year; at the end of the second season a cash dividend of 10 per cent for both years was paid.

"In the original sale of stock, approximately \$5,000 of the \$12,000 required was sold. In three years, following the two years in which a dividend was declared, a profit equal to the deficient amount was on hand and the directors voted to enter a forced sale of stock to all shareholders for 50 per cent of the amount of their shares, which would be the same as the selling of about \$4,000 of shares, entering the profits as stock sales. With the 10 per cent cash dividend, this makes a dividend, from the time the mill was built up to date, of 10 per cent per annum.

"In making an inspection trip through this mill on December 30th, the miller advised me they had at least 3,000 bushels of milling wheat on hand with some exchanges against it and a note for \$500.00 given in making wheat purchases over the amount the mill had in its working treasury. This note is all the paper the mill has out. Out of current funds they recently bought a motor for electric power; all taxes including the 1920 tax had been paid; 65 bbls of flour had been sold the day before my visit; the mill had been running nights but was unable to meet the demands for flour. Farmers have come in over thirty miles and had to wait for flour.

"The miller is paid \$110.00 per month; his wife helps some in book-keeping without any other salary; in running nights, the extra man gets \$2 per day. This is all the help required. The mill is strictly co-operative, its largest market is within a radius of 35 miles from the mill. The farmer brings his wheat if of good milling quality, it is taken and he receives flour and bran in exchange. There is no freight, jobber, wholesaler, or any other factor to cause complaint, and any observer will notice with such a local concern, where they themselves control and govern they would be to blame for losses and farmers are not in the habit of blaming themselves. I think a fair estimate of the annual worth of the mill to its locality, outside of the investment and dividends, in effecting a cheaper price for flour and mill feeds than would otherwise be obtained would be \$4,990.00."

WIFE, A DEMOCRAT, IS G. O. P. MAYOR'S
CHOICE FOR AIDE



MR. AND MRS. LEW SHANK.

By NEA Service.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 5.—Lew Shank, new mayor of Indianapolis, thinks the old adage about a prophet being without honor in his own country is a misprint.

For look what Lew has done! With all Indianapolis pushing candidates forward for a position on the board of park commissioners, he up and appoints his own wife.

And this in spite of the fact that she is on a different side of the fence politically.

Lew was elected on the Republican ticket. He is a Methodist. The Mrs. is a Democrat and attends the Baptist church.

But Mr. Mayor looked beyond religion and politics—he thought about the little folks of the city and the fact that they needed more playgrounds. So, as Lew puts it, he felt this way about the park board job:

"I could have appointed another woman but I knew Sarah's qualifications and I know I can count on her to carry out my pledges. One of the main ones is to give playgrounds to all the kids."

As Mrs. Shanks accepted the appointment she said: "I tried to get Lew to find some other woman for the place—but he wouldn't do it."

During his majority campaign speeches Lew often referred to "me and Sarah."

Now Indianapolis is going to see "me and Sarah" on the job together—trying to make life brighter for the little folks.

**MINNESOTA COOP
DIRECTOR DIES**

Minneapolis, Jan. 5.—W. A. McKerrrow, manager of the Minnesota Central Cooperative Commission association of South St. Paul, died at his home here. Mr. McKerrrow was director of Hy-Stock extension work at

the farm school of the University of Minnesota for a number of years. Stomach trouble was given as the cause of his death.

GOOD ROADS

BUILDING FEDERAL HIGHWAYS

Mileage Nearly Sufficient to Encircle
the Globe When Construction
Is Finished.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

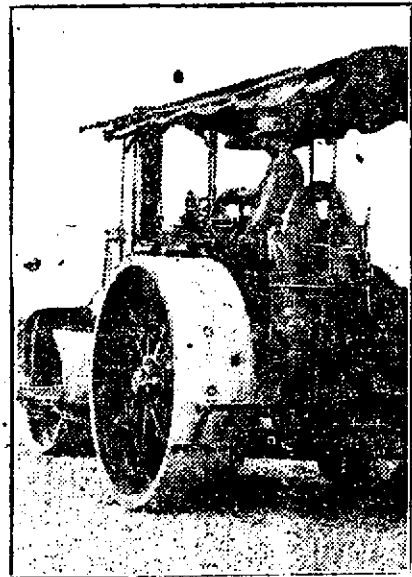
Of the 22,000 miles of federal-aid roads, which have been built or are now under construction, more than two-thirds are earth roads, sand-clay, or gravel, says the chief of bureau of public roads, United States Department of Agriculture. These have cost less than one-third of the total amount expended as compared with nearly 50 per cent of the estimated cost applied to 4,500 miles of hard-surfaced roads. A study of local conditions by an engineer of the bureau is necessary before a road project may receive federal aid.

The type of road to be used and the most suitable surface with respect to the traffic of the locality must be determined. Service must be satisfactory, while costs must be kept low, both for building and maintenance. There must be a careful analysis both of the engineering and economic conditions for each particular project. There are individual considerations in every case which affect the determination as to the best type of road materials for that locality.

The mileage of federal-aid roads which have been built or are now under construction is nearly sufficient to encircle the globe. This is the record of work accomplished since July, 1916, when the Federal government first stepped in to aid in the enormous task of building highways that are now called upon to carry more than 9,000,000 motor vehicles plus a very substantial horse-drawn traffic in the forty-eight states.

The federal-aid law is well named. The Department of Agriculture has given the broadest possible construction to the law for the purpose of providing the greatest mileage of highways suited to the traffic to be carried over them at the minimum expense. An analysis by the bureau of public roads of the projects under contract shows that all types of roads, from the graded earth road up to the finest paved surfaces, have been built.

On March 1 of this year, 22,000 miles of highway, extending into every state, had been completed or were in process of construction, says the bureau, at a total estimated cost of \$361,946,868. The percentage of this total



Federal Road Being Constructed Near Westfield, Mass.

estimated cost which will be incurred for each type, and the mileage of each type, based upon the records of plans approved, are as follows:

Per Cent of Total	Mileage
Estimated cost	
Type 1, including earth, sand, clay and gravel,	32.2 16,300
Type 2, including water-bound and bituminous macadam,	9.9 1,500
Type 3, including brick, bituminous concrete, Portland cement concrete,	48.9 4,900
Miscellaneous,	1.0 210
Bridge,	6.9 1,000
Total,	100.00 22,000

The states initiate the road projects, but before federal aid is granted an engineer of the bureau makes an inspection of the roads to be improved, studies the local conditions, consults with the state highway department, and no projects are approved which are not considered suited to the conditions to be met. Many popular fallacies exist as to road improvement, and there have been many misconceptions as to the types of roads on which federal-aid funds may be used. Properly built earth roads, say specialists of the department, are the fundamental requirement in all highway improvement.

Most dolls' hair is obtained from the Angora goat.

Arabs are said to make the finest vinegar in the world.

Ready for the Chilly Days?

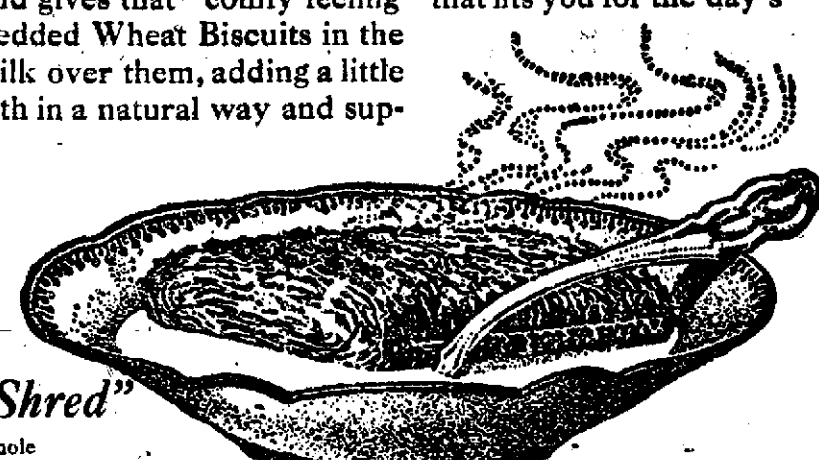
Are you ready for the germs? Preparedness for sudden changes of weather calls for food that gives warmth and strength to the body.

Shredded Wheat With HOT Milk

Makes rich, red blood and healthy tissue and gives that "comfy feeling" that fits you for the day's work in all sorts of weather. Heat the Shredded Wheat Biscuits in the oven to restore their crispness—pour hot milk over them, adding a little cream and a little salt. It gives natural warmth in a natural way and supplies all the strength-giving nutriment needed for a half day's work. Better than mushy porridges for youngsters or grown-ups: All the meat of the whole wheat in a digestible form. Ready-cooked and ready-to-serve.

"Health and Strength in Every Shred"

TRISCUIT is the Shredded Wheat cracker—a real whole wheat toast—and is eaten with butter or soft cheese.



All Around the House

A nice way to serve creamed vegetables is in timbale cases.

A yeast cake will keep fresh quite a long time if buried in salt.

Delicious pineapple honey can be made with a canned pineapple and is nice with toast.

Before squeezing a lemon, heat it thoroughly. Nearly double the amount of juice will be obtained.

Buttermilk makes a light spongy cake and sour milk always makes a softer, more moist-tasting one.

A good stove duster can be made with an old mop stick cut to a handy length. Tie to it strips of old stockings.

If the rooms become filled with cooking odors, a few drops of oil of lavender, placed in a cup of boiling water, will remove all traces.

USE CONVICTS ON HIGHWAYS

Gangs From Sing Sing and Other Prisons in New York Employed in Building Roads.

Three hundred convicts, made up in to nine-hour gangs, from Sing Sing and other prisons, are working on the construction of highways in New York state. The prisoners have given their word of honor not to try to slip away from their guards. The inmates receive one and a half cents a day wages.

WOMAN AS ROAD CONTRACTOR

Manitoba Municipality Awards Contract to Elizabeth McCoy to Build Highway.

Elizabeth Ann McCoy of Pipestone, Manitoba, has the distinction of being the first woman in the province to be awarded a contract in construction of roads. She recently secured a contract from the good roads board for road building in the Pipestone municipality.

IS LONGEST PAVED HIGHWAY

Possible for Motorist to Travel From Atlantic to Mississippi on Hard Surface.

From the Atlantic coast to the Mississippi river on paved roads? This may sound like a motorist's dream, but it will be actually possible to make such a trip this fall. The last stretch of the national pike in Illinois will be completed then. Never before has such a long paved road been possible in this country.

Catch of 1,658,500 pounds of fish was landed recently at Boston.

Some physicians say whistling develops the body.

USE SLOAN'S TO WARD OFF PAIN

LITTLE aches grow into big pains unless ward off by an application of Sloan's. Rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, lame back won't fight long against Sloan's Liniment.

For more than forty years Sloan's Liniment has helped thousands, the world over. You won't be an exception. It certainly does produce results. It penetrates without rubbing. Keep this old family friend always handy for instant use. Ask your neighbor.

At all druggists—35c, 70c, \$1.40.

**Sloan's
Liniment** (Pain
Enemy)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Matter of the Estate of Magnus Spangberg, otherwise known as Magnus Spangberg, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Albin T. Spangberg, the Administrator of the Estate of Magnus Spangberg, otherwise known as Magnus Spangberg, late of the township of Beekun, in the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within six months after the first publication of this notice, to said Administrator at his residence on the north half of the southeast quarter of Section six in township 1st north, of range 77 west of the fifth principal meridian in Burleigh county, North Dakota, and the post office address of said administrator is Bismarck, Burleigh county, North Dakota, R. F. D. Dated January 4th, A. D. 1922.

ADMINISTRATOR OF THE ESTATE OF Magnus Spangberg, otherwise known as Magnus Spangberg, deceased. Geo. M. Register, Atty. of said Administrator, Bismarck, N. D. 1-5-12-19-22

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE BOARD OF CITY COMMISSIONERS TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 3, 1922.

Board of City Commissioners met Tuesday evening, January 3rd, 1922, at eight o'clock, P. M., pursuant to adjournment Monday evening, December 19th, 1921. There were present, Commissioners French, Larson, Thompson and President Lohm. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. On motion of Commissioner Larson, duly seconded and carried, action on the enforcement of the Tax Liability Ordinance was delayed until January 23rd, 1922. The reports of the Police, Fire and City Engineer for the month of December, 1921, were read and ordered filed. On motion of Commissioner Thompson the Board of City Commissioners adjourned to meet again Monday evening, January 9th, 1922, eight o'clock, P. M.

M. H. ATKINSON, City Auditor.

BANKRUPT PETITION FOR DISCHARGE AND ORDER OF NOTICE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE Southwestern Division, District of North Dakota.

No. 3016 in Bankruptcy. IN THE MATTER OF RUBIN MILLER, Bankrupt.

To the Honorable Charles F. Amidon, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of North Dakota.

Rubin Miller, of Bismarck, in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, do hereby certify, respectively to the Honorable Charles F. Amidon, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of North Dakota, that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

WHEREFORE, He prays that he may be decreed by the court to be discharged from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 28th day of December, A. D. 1921. RUBIN MILLER, Bankrupt.

Order of Notice Thereon

On this 31st day of December, A. D. 1921, on reading the Petition for Discharge of the above-named Bankrupt, It is

ORDERED By the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 3rd day of March, A. D. 1922, before the said court at Fargo, in said district, at ten o'clock in the fore noon; and that

notice thereof be published in The Bismarck Tribune, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the Referee in Charge shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

WITNESS The Honorable Charles F. Amidon, Judge of the said court; and the seal thereof, at Fargo, in said district, on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1921.

(Seal of the Court.) A. MONTGOMERY, Clerk. By E. R. STEELE, Deputy Clerk.

No. 882. Report of the Condition of THE REGAN STATE BANK at Regan, in the State of North Dakota, at the close of business, December 31st, 1921.

RESOURCES
Loans and discounts, \$64,837.41
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured, 474.51
Warehouses, stocks, tax certificates, 8,372.14
Banking house, furniture and fixtures, 5,911.62
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid, 16,930.18
Checks and other cash items, \$203.52
Cash and due from other banks, 6,779.70
Total, \$97,382.08

LIABILITIES
Capital stock paid in, \$10,000.00
Surplus fund, 5,000.00
Deposits, 16,930.18
Borrowings, 1,644.24
Individual deposits subject to deposit, 252.00
Time certificates of deposit, 61,782.91
Cashier's checks outstanding, 1,404.41
Inc. War Finance Corporation, 13,000.00
Total, \$97,382.08

State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh—ss. I, Arnold Gerberding, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ARNOLD GERBERDING, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of January, 1922.

A. S. HELGESON, Notary Public.
Notary Public, Burleigh Co., N. Dak. My commission expires June 24, 1927.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—To sublet flat and sell furniture. Modern flat, steam heated. In business section. Write 322, care Tribune. 1-5-22

FOR SALE—Singer sewing machine. Phone 627-RL. 1-5-22

LOST—White collie pup, male, 2 months old, with sable markings on ears. Reward offered. Judge Christianson, 1005 5th St. 1-5-22

Industrial and life insurance companies in the United States had 63,000,000 policies out during 1920.

Motor driven saw blades on a U shaped frame, for felling trees, has been invented in Europe.

Feature Pictures Tonight Only

EDGAR RICE BURROUGHS'
Most Exciting, Most Sensational and Most Unusual Story.

The Adventures of Tarzan

with ELMO LINCOLN

Noted Star of "Tarzan of the Apes" and "The Romance of Tarzan" in his best Role
Episode 1 in Three Reels of this Serial Supreme.



Pauline Frederick in "The Sting of the Lash"

"A Soul Reclaimed—A Story of Undying Love!"
Miss Frederick's Greatest Dramatic Climax.

Admission Adults 30c. Children 15c.

RIALTO THEATRE

ELTINGE THEATRE

Direction Valteau Theatre Company

TONIGHT

May Collins and Stewart Holmes
in "ALL'S FAIR IN LOVE"

Comedy Kinograms Outing Chester

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

WM. S. HART in "THREE-WORD BRAND"
Aesop Fable, "The Dog and the Bone"

COMING

CHAS. CHAPLIN in "THE IDLE CLASS"
WALLACE REID in "THE HELL DIGGERS"
MARY ALDEN in "THE OLD NEST"
HOUSE PETERS in "THE MAN FROM LOST RIVER"

Matinee Daily 2:30.

Evenings 7:30 & 9.

FINDS SNAGS IN FIXING RATE ON NEW FARM LOANS

Manager DeNault Runs Into Law Limiting Maturity of Bonds Issues For Purpose

RATE IS FORCED HIGHER

Cut is Made in Administrative Expense, However, Which Reduces Total Interest

The bond sale contract negotiated just before the Nonpartisan League administration left office defects in the laws enacted in 1919 governing the farm loan business of the Bank of North Dakota and mistakes of the previous administration have combined to force a higher rate of interest on farm loans to be made through the bank than the farmers should have to pay, according to W. B. DeNault, manager of the bureau.

In establishing the rate of interest on the farm loans Mr. DeNault and his aides ran against these snags: Instead of providing for 30 year bonds from date of issue the law of Feb. 25, 1919, provided that the bonds should not be for longer maturity than 30 years from date of issue. Therefore, after the 25th of February, on which date new business must be based, bonds can be issued for only 26 years.

Instead of making 30-year loans the bank must make 26-year loans, which results in a higher amortization payment. The law, it is held, should have read that bonds may be of 30 years maturity from date of issue.

In making a bond contract for 6 per cent bonds the old Industrial Commission paid a higher rate of interest than is now demanded on the money market. Mr. DeNault says The law provides that the interest rate on the mortgages must be based on the last sale of bonds. Therefore, the interest rate must be based upon the 6 per cent bonds. To this is added a 1-1/2 per cent, or amortization payment, each year for 26 years a 1-1/2 per cent administration charge, making the total payment \$80 per thousand dollars per year. The amount, according to Mr. DeNault, should not be more than \$70 on the basis of the present money market.

When farm loans first were made by the Bank of North Dakota they were made upon a 5 per cent bond interest basis. When the bonds finally were sold they were sold at a higher basis. There is, therefore, a deficit on the first loans which must be borne by the state or made up in subsequent loans.

Reduces Interest Charge. A mistake was made by the former administration in figuring the amortization. It was pointed out in the Bishop, Brisman and Company report to the legislature last year that on the amortization basis adopted by the Bank of North Dakota it would require 34 years instead of 30 years, in which to complete the amortization of a loan. The bank then changed their method to provide that the last payment, in the 30th year, would be the amount of five other years. This makes a very heavy charge on the last payment of the loans which already have been made.

Mr. DeNault, however, has succeeded in cutting the rate of interest on the loans by reducing the charge for administrative expense. This charge was under the former administration one per cent. Mr. DeNault says that a well organized loan business should be conducted upon an administration charge of 1-1/2 per cent. The new administration is able to cut the interest charge from 6-3/4 per cent as proposed by Mr. Cathro to 6-1/2 per cent. Mr. DeNault has not been able to figure the administration cost in the past, as accounts have not been segregated. He proposes to segregate all accounts in the future, so that there may be an exact accounting of the cost of doing business of the farm loan department.

\$43,000 SAVED TO FARMERS OF NORTHWEST

Minnesota Farm Bureau Federation Handled 250,000 Animals

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 5.—One co-operative marketing enterprise sponsored by the Minnesota Farm Bureau Federation has saved farmers \$43,000 in less than five months. W. A. McKerrrow, manager of the Central Co-operative Commission association, told the third annual state convention of the farm bureau in session at the state capitol yesterday.

The commission association opened for business on the South St. Paul livestock market on August 8, and since that time has done a gross business of \$5,000,000, Mr. McKerrrow said.

A quarter of a million animals have been handled by the organization, he asserted, at commission charges approximately 25 per cent lower than those fixed by private firms.

In less than five months, the convention delegates were told, the farmers' central sales agency has accumulated a surplus of \$26,000, to be returned to the farmers as patronage dividends, and has saved the producers at least \$17,000 in cash by handling stock at lower commission rates.

"Within a few months the farmers will place their own farmer-controlled and farmer-managed firms on the leading live stock markets of the

BOY AND GIRL, LOST 20 YEARS, RETURNED BY FATE'S FREAKS

The Girl



ANNA BELLE KENNEDY (BELOW), AND HER MOTHER.

United States," Mr. McKerrrow said. "Their success already is absolutely assured."

"The farmers of the country at this moment are carrying the heaviest burden laid upon any class of people in America. They have been gradually driven from the country to the city, until 34 per cent of the population is producing the food for the other 66 per cent."

"The time has come when the organization of centralized agricultural marketing agencies is a necessity in order that the farmers' interests may be assured of protection and their industry saved from complete demoralization. The state and national farm bureau federations are making rapid strides, and livestock marketing is one of the major projects to which they are devoting their attention."

A comprehensive study of livestock marketing and production has been made by the Committee of Fifteen, appointed by the American Farm Bureau federation; their work has resulted in a plan for a co-operative marketing structure on a national scale. Interwoven with this plan is a scheme for the development of orderly marketing that goes back even to the pasture and the feed lot, and for the development of more local co-operative shipping associations, improvement in railroad transportation and the establishment of farmer-controlled co-operative agencies to centralize the marketing of livestock on the great terminals of the country."

Since August 3, this agency has handled approximately 19 per cent of the cars of livestock arriving at South St. Paul. It handled 442 cars in the last three weeks of August, 781 in September, 1,109 in October, 1,292 in November, and 664 in the first half of December.

"The stocker and feeder department of the association takes the place of the speculator. On a bad market, this department may buy the stockers and feeders if there is no other satisfactory outlet for them, paying the highest price it feels justified in paying. This department is used only when necessary, in most cases, such cattle are sold direct from the farmer producer to the farmer feeder. The association has shipped out 11,410 head of cattle in 104 months."

"On some days, the association has handled 7,000 hogs, as to 35 per cent of all the hogs on the market, 19,408 hogs have been shipped to other markets, stimulating the local competition among buyers and giving the farmers of the northwest the benefit of the rivalry."

"Farmers of Minnesota must realize that when they start to do business for themselves, men doing similar business will try to destroy their organization. They will try to convince the farmer that he doesn't know enough to run his own business. They will oppose in every way possible the farmer's efforts to better his condition."

"There is just one thing the individual farmer should remember. That is, to investigate things for himself, to examine complaints about co-operative marketing and base his opinions on facts and not upon hearsay. Co-operative marketing will be a success beyond the hopes of its staunchest supporters if the farmers themselves give it the loyal support its past record deserves."

RURAL SCHOOLS TO HAVE FARM ACCOUNTING

Fargo, N. D. Jan. 5.—With the beginning of the new year an innovation in rural school studies will be introduced in North Dakota institutions. Plans are being made by Rex E. Willard, farm management specialist of the North Dakota Agricultural College, and Winnie J. Nielson, state superintendent of public instruction, for introducing farm accounting into the curriculum of rural schools this winter.

North Dakota will be the only state in the union offering this work which will consist of half year courses for either first or second year high school students and will be offered also in agricultural courses for seventh and eighth grade pupils of the rural institutions. Under the plan, which was first an-

Two children, missing from their homes for more than 20 years, have been reunited with their families by strange freaks of fate on almost the same day.

One is a Houston, Tex., boy, lost to his father for 21 years as the result of an adoption mistake. The other is a Memphis, Tenn., girl kidnapped 23 years ago from her mother and long since given up for dead.

Today the boy is at home, helping to nurse his father back to the health that worry took from him and the girl is with her mother, finding for the first time the true value of mother love.

THE BOY'S CASE.

A battered brass check—No. 132. A random phone conversation across 2,600 miles of wire.

Those two things brought Paul Allard back to his father as the elder Allard was at the point of death from worry over a fruitless search for his boy.

Twenty-one years ago Allard placed Paul in the New York Foundling School to be cared for for a short time. By mistake Paul was given out for adoption. When his father returned, Paul couldn't be found.

Allard started a nation-wide search and a legal fight. Both were kept up year after year.

Meanwhile—John Gottsells, Texas farmer, adopted little Paul. When Paul was 10 Gottsells told him where he came from and gave him a numbered brass check that had been attached to his baby clothing. Letters he wrote trying to trace his parent came back.

Paul became a long-distance phone operator in Houston. One day he was chatting over the wire to New York. He asked if the Foundling School was still there. It was.

Paul wrote the home and sent his brass check. The home wrote back and told him where his father was. He went to New York—and probably saved his father's life.

"I'm going to live with him always!" Paul says.

THE GIRL'S CASE.

Anna Belle Kennedy was kidnapped from her home in Mauldin, Mo., 23 years ago.

The mother employed detective agencies, newspapers and other mediums in a vain effort to find her.

Anna Belle grew up in ignorance of whom she really was, married and settled in Tulsa, Okla. A woman, whom she met by chance, told her her mother was living near Memphis. She placed an advertisement in a Memphis paper.

Her mother saw it. A reunion followed.

"It's wonderful to enjoy a mother's love after having been denied it 23 years!" Anna Belle says.

announced at the December meeting of the county agents held in Fargo, it is proposed that the students taking this course, obtain practical training in their studies by carrying through a record of the accounts for their home farms for one year.

The course, the text books for which have been prepared by Mr. Willard, will be a complete one. Specific problems will be introduced in the arithmetic courses, such as those involving depreciation, interest, land valuation and correlated subjects.

OBLIGATIONS REMAIN UNPAID

Default on payments of interest and principal on farm loans made by the bank of North Dakota has increased but little since the date of the beginning of the recall campaign. Figures made public at that time, and made a part of the campaign arguments indicated that about 50 per cent of interest payments and principal reductions, arranged for in the loans, had not been made. Payments were in default, December 31, 1921, 394 of the 701 loans which have been certified to the state treasurer.

On that date also, there was little difference in averages of the number of loans delinquent and the amount of the value of loans delinquent. On that date, 207 loans, valued at \$975,366.00 were in good standing on the books of the State Treasurer. The 394 loans on which payments had not been met were for a value of \$1,592,566.00.

Delinquent payments of interest and principal increased during the fiscal year just ended by \$80,924.53. At the end of 1920, delinquent payments on eighty three loans totaled \$30,615.95 or an average of \$465.42 per delinquent loan. The average delinquency increased during the last year so that the total of the 394 delinquent payments reached \$111,536.43. This was the total amount of delinquent interest and principal payment due the State treasury at the beginning of the year.

CIT THIS OUT—It Is Worth Money. Cut out this clip, enclose with 5c and mail it to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills for pains in sides and back; rheumatism, backache, kidney and bladder ailments; and Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic for constipation, biliousness, headaches, and sluggish bowels—Adv.

Large tracts of pasture lands have been discovered in northwest Australia, which had been regarded as all desert.

Forests of Florida contain 175 different kinds of wood.

Beulah absolutely Deep Mined Coal. This is the best lignite mined in the state by test of otherwise. Wachter Transfer Co. Phone 62.

World's longest railroad is said to be the Eskdale road in Cumberland Eng., 7 miles long with a 15-inch gauge.

Deposit of white marble said to equal the best Italian in quality, has been discovered near Pretoria, Transvaal.

The Boy



PAUL ALLARD (ABOVE), AND HIS FATHER.

BETTER ROADS

NO ONE TYPE OF ROAD BEST

Bureau of Public Roads Does Not Encourage Construction of Any Particular Type.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture)

No effort has been made to encourage the construction of any particular type of road in the federal-aid projects administered by the bureau of roads of the United States Department of Agriculture. The legal requirement that the roads shall be "substantial in character" has not been interpreted to mean that only the most expensive types of roads should be built. It has been recognized that the heavy and expensive construction which is necessary in New York, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania is not suitable or warranted for the less exacting traffic of Nevada, Idaho and the Dakotas.

There is a suitable type of road for every type of traffic. Granite blocks are best around wharves and freight depots; country thoroughfares need to be better than rural side roads, light-

ly traveled. A number of other considerations has influenced the choice of type in many cases. It is frequently found that suitable local materials may cost less than better materials imported from a distance; approval of the use of local materials is not infrequently given for the purpose of encouraging local production. In parts of the Far West the entire absence of water along a right of way, and the expense of keeping an adequate supply, often make it necessary to approve the building of a type of construction that can be built without using large quantities of water.

The initial decision as to the type of a particular road is made by the state highways department. The bureau of public roads made an independent study of the conditions. The most suitable type of road in the judgment of the engineers of the State department and of the bureau of public roads is finally decided upon. The earth, sand-clay and gravel roads which make up 88 per cent of the mileage have cost only about one-fourth of the federal-aid funds used, while the higher types, including cement concrete, brick and bituminous concrete have called for 90 per cent of the money to build 24 per cent of the mileage.

It is said there are families in Switzerland which have cheese dating from the first French Revolution.

Bangkok, capital of Siam, is a floating city containing 70,000 houses, each of which floats on a bamboo raft.

Moors, shortly after their conquest of Spain about 100 years ago introduced tile-making to that country.

Constructing Cement Road in Mississippi.



Uncommon Sense

By JOHN BLAKE

KEEP BRAKES IN ORDER

AT THIS approach to every dangerous turn of a state road is a sign which reads: "GO SLOW!"

The automobilist who has good sense and good brakes heeds the warning. He gets around the turn without anything happening to him.

The speed maniac, or the man whose brakes are out of order, keeps right on. And we usually read of one or both in the accident columns of the newspapers, sooner or later.

The road we all must take is pretty well marked with warnings, although it takes experience to read some of them.

If we have the brake called will power and keep it in trim, we have nothing to fear from the dangerous places.

Our judgment is bad and our will power likely to give way we never get where we are going, except in a very badly damaged condition.

There is no occasion for such great hurry that the warning signs must be over run.

On the road to wealth, and especially the road to pleasure, the warnings are very abundant.

Yet thousands and thousands of people run past them every day, with the usual disastrous results.

There is little enough time in the average life. We must all work rapidly if we are to get a good lifetime's work accomplished in the working years that are allotted to us.

But we can always slow down at the risky corner, provided we keep our will power in condition, and use the judgment that ought to be a part of our make-up.

The "too much play" turn in the road is more dangerous than the "too much work" corner, but it is well to slow down at both of them.

Then the "overindulgence" and "late hour" spots chill for almost a halt.

Read all the signs, and observe them.

It is delightful to speed along the road and feel that we shall get where we are going in jig time.

But many speeders who do not see or heed the warning, never get where they are going at all.

And when they are pulled up in the hospital or the sanitarium or told by a grave-faced doctor to bid their families a last farewell, they begin to see the sense in slowing these signs along the road, and to wish they had kept their brakes in order.

(Copyright.)

Mother's Cook Book

Teach me your mood, O patient stars Who climb each night the ancient sky, Leaving no space, no shade, no scars. No trace of age, no fear to die.

WAYS WITH FISH.

A FEW varieties of fish in cans may be adapted to almost any dish one desires. Sardines are often regarded lightly as a relish or sandwich filling; they may however make a hearty dish.

Baked Sardines. Drain the sardines from the can and lay on brown paper to absorb all the oil. Take one dozen, dip in the juice of a lemon then roll in cracker or bread crumbs. Bake fifteen minutes in a hot oven. Take one cupful of strained tomatoes; season them to suit the taste with clove, onion juice, salt, paprika and pepper. Cut bread in strips the width of two fingers, lay a sardine on each and pour the hot tomato sauce over them. Serve hot.

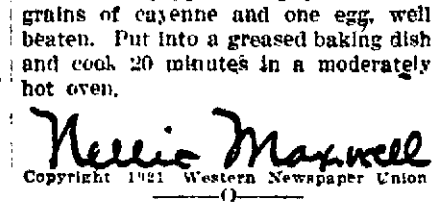
Sardines on Bacon. Broil drained sardines until well heated through, turning once. Lay crisp slices of bacon on oblongs of buttered toast and a sardine on top. Sprinkle with minced parsley, and serve with slices of lemon.

Baked Fish Flakes. Cut one medium-sized onion in small pieces. Brown in two tablespoonfuls of corn or olive oil, add one cupful of strained tomato juice, simmer well covered for 15 minutes, then add one cupful of boiled rice, one cupful of fish flakes, salt, pepper and paprika, a few grains of cayenne and one egg, well beaten. Put into a greased baking dish and cook 20 minutes in a moderately hot oven.

Nellie Maxwell
Copyright 1921 Western Newspaper Union

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

I can't buy entertainment now Because of lack of money. But my I never can be bored While ladies dress so funny!



Tragedy, Miracle and Romance

MISS RUTH WOAKES.



MISS RUTH WOAKES.

BY MILTON BROWNER.

London, Jan. 5.—The early part of the World War found Lieut. B. H. Geary leading an English regiment into some of the toughest battles against the Germans.

At famous Hill 60 he won his Victoria Cross—but he was badly wounded, had lost an eye, was blinded in the other and was stone deaf.

Then "Along came Ruth," and her father, with two pairs of skilful hands.

The father was Dr. Claude Woakes, a famous English eye and ear specialist. He worked a seeming miracle.

Sight was restored to Geary's eye and he was made to hear again. Geary stepped out of a land of silence and darkness into the world of living men.

Then Ruth nursed him back to real health. Geary then studied for the ministry and is now assistant at West Ham parish church. And he has won the hand of the girl whose hands nursed him back to health.

Miss Ruth Woakes is shortly to be Mrs. Geary.

Swiss experts are trying to extract sugar from a sweet plant which grows abundantly in Paraguay.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Bismarck, in the State of North Dakota, at the Close of Business on DECEMBER 31, 1921

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts, including rediscounts... \$1,616,844.70

Deduct: Notes and bills rediscounted with Federal Reserve Bank (other than bank acceptances sold)..... 20,000.00

Notes and bills rediscounted other than with Federal Reserve Bank (other than bank acceptances sold, but including rediscounts with War Finance Corporation..... 19,500.00

Overdrafts, unsecured..... 39,500.00

U. S. Government securities owned: Deposited to secure circulation U. S. bonds at par value..... 75,000.00

All other United States Government Securities..... 44,250.00

Total..... 119,250.00

Other bonds, stocks, securities, etc..... 50,426.21

Banking House, \$75,000, Furniture and fixtures..... 80,363.16

Real estate owned other than banking house..... 23,561.99

Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank..... 117,862.03

Cash in vault and amount due from national banks..... 178,682.87

Amount due from State banks, bankers, and trust companies in the United States..... 32,811.04

Exchanges for clearing house..... 9,889.79

Total..... \$ 221,383.70

Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items..... 22,416.84

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer..... 3,750.00

Total..... \$221,670.37

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in..... \$ 100,000.00

Surplus fund..... 200,000.00

Undivided profits..... \$ 4,025.57

Reserved for interest and taxes..... 9,872.71

Reserved for depreciation..... 12,048.93

Circulating notes outstanding..... 25,747.11

Amount due to national banks..... 75,000.00

Amount due to State banks, bankers, and trust companies in the United States and foreign countries..... 62,223.58

Certified checks outstanding..... 99,364.17

Total..... 398.02

Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):

Individual deposits subject to check..... 1,273,458.24

Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)..... 97,889.89

Dividends unpaid..... 10,000.00

Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve..... \$1,381,448.13

Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):

Certificates of deposit other than for money borrowed..... 241,508.51

Postal savings deposits..... 6.64

Total of time deposits subject to reserve..... \$ 241,515.15

United States deposits (other than postal savings), including War Loan deposit account and deposits of United States disbursing officers..... 909.21

Bills payable with Federal Reserve Bank..... 30,000.00

Total..... \$2,216,703.67

State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh, ss: I, Frank E. Shepard Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

FRANK E. SHEPARD, Cashier.

Correct—Attest: H. R. Caldwell, C. H. Little, J. L. Bell

Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of January, 1922.

H. E. HANSON, Notary Public, Burleigh Co., N. D.

My commission expires Dec. 15, 1927.

(Seal)

Relieve Piles With Pyramid

You Are Overjoyed to Find Such Relief from Pain and Distress When You Use Pyramid Pile Suppositories. Send for a Free Trial

Yes, Pyramid Pile Suppositories are simply wonderful to ease pain, relieve itching, allay that agonizing



vating sense of pressure and enable you to rest and sleep with comfort. The fact that almost every drug-gist in the U. S. and Canada carries Pyramid in stock at 60 cents a box shows how highly these Suppositories are regarded. Take no substitute. You can try them free by sending your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 601 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

ROAD MARKERS AID TOURISTS

Trunk Highways Designated by Number to Correspond With Number on Official Map.

Since the adoption of a standardized system of highway markers by the state of Wisconsin, five other states, and England have followed the model plan. Each of the state trunk highways is designated by number to correspond to the number on the official road map. Markers have been placed at close intervals carrying the number shown on the map, making it easy for the tourist to reach the most remote villages in the state.

AUTHORITY ON ROAD TRAFFIC

William Phelps Eno, Graduate of Yale College, is an Expert on Highways.

William Phelps Eno of Washington, D. C., a graduate of Yale college, in the class of 1882, is an authority on highway traffic regulations, having been closely identified for many years with the working out of the traffic problem in large cities in various parts of the world.

Reserve District No. 9.

Charter No. 2434.

Social and Personal

Music Club Ask To Have Library

The work of music clubs is rapidly attracting much interest in North Dakota and the idea of a music section in every public library will interest many people here.

A "music section in every public library" is the slogan of the newly appointed librarians, Mrs. James H. Hirsch, of Orlando, Florida, and the fact that Mrs. Hirsch has also been appointed Chairman of Library Extension for the General Federation of Women's Clubs is assurance of splendid co-operation.

Investigation shows that far too little attention has been given reading matter on music in our public libraries and that a music section for reference by music students and club women and the general public is highly essential to music culture. Therefore, clubs are urged to appoint a library chairman each, who will work with the state library chairman in securing a certain list of books for each "music section" which list shall be culled from lists sent in to Mrs. Hirsch by great educational minds of the country.

The work is largely for the smaller places. Chicago, New York, Boston etc., have hundreds of adequate music-reading books; and in 1920 over 49,000 volumes were read by twenty thousand readers in New York city alone. It is believed by the Federation that with a music section thus established in every library in the country it must soon follow that musical compositions, sheet music and records will eventually find a place there, and an essential side of music training thus be provided for.

FORTNIGHTLY CLUB MEETS.

The members of the Fortnightly club held their meeting with Mrs. Robert Orr, at her home, yesterday afternoon. A fifteen minute discussion of the Disarmament Conference, led by Mrs. A. M. Christenson, was held at the opening of the meeting. Much interest is being manifested among the club members on the discussion of the disarmament conference and it has added much to the interest of the meeting. The general program was on Wordsworth. Mrs. R. R. Smyth gave a paper on "The Exception to His Period." Mrs. A. M. Christenson gave a paper on "His Philosophy and Intimations of Immortality," and Mrs. G. A. Rawlings gave one on "His Genre and Nature Poems."

MISS KOLLING BEGINS WORK

The following item taken from a St. Paul paper of January 4 will be of interest to Bismarck people: "Miss Ruth P. Kolling, Bismarck, N. D., recently appointed juvenile court worker, began her work in St. Paul today. Miss Kolling is an appointee of the juvenile court committee which is financed by the Community Chest. Before coming to St. Paul she had been city and county overseer of the poor, and juvenile court worker in Bismarck."

CURRENT EVENTS CLUB MEETS.

A very interesting program on literature was given at the meeting of the Current Events club yesterday afternoon. The meeting was held at the home of Mrs. E. T. Burke. Two splendid papers, John Burroughs, by Mrs. French, and Short Story Writers of Today, by Mrs. McGillis, formed the afternoon program. The book review, to be given by Mrs. Fitch was postponed until the next regular meeting, January 11.

GIVES BIRTHDAY PARTY

Miss Mamie Katz entertained a number of her friends at a birthday party at her home on Wednesday afternoon. The affair was in honor of her tenth birthday. The afternoon was spent playing games after which birthday refreshments were served. A large birthday cake was used as centerpiece on the table. The rooms were prettily decorated in the Christmas colors, red and green.

YOUNG PEOPLE TO MEET.

The meeting of the Young People's society of the Trinity Lutheran church which was announced for last night will be held this evening instead. A good program consisting of musical and literary numbers will be followed by a social meeting in the church parlors. The meeting will be called at 8 o'clock and all are welcome.

JAMESTOWN TEACHER ILL

Miss Mae Rowley, who has been teaching in the Jamestown schools, and who has been visiting friends in Bismarck for several days, has been taken ill at the Grand Pacific hotel. Miss Rowley's home is in Iowa but for the past seven years she has been a most successful educator in this state.

MOVE TO CITY

Charles W. Converse, new state tax commissioner, and family have moved to the city from Williston, taking up their residence at 112 Thayer street. In the Converse household are Mrs. Converse, daughter Jean, 12 years old, and Mrs. Converse's mother, Mrs. Jennie C. Koop.

ENTERTAINS S. S. CLASS

Miss Vivian Martinson entertained the members of her Sunday school class at her home, 515 Eighth street yesterday afternoon. The eight guests enjoyed an afternoon spent playing games. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess.

GIVE FAREWELL PARTY

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Simpson of Valley City gave a farewell party at the Valley City hotel there Wednesday night. Mr. and Mrs. Simpson leave Valley City for Bismarck next week.

EX-SENATOR VISITS HERE

Ex-Senator H. P. Jacobson of Mott was visiting friends in Bismarck yesterday.

PREPARES FOR RECITAL

Mrs. E. G. Wheeler of Mandan gave her first class lesson in Bismarck on

SHOULD A GIRL WORK BEFORE SHE WEDS? NOTED WOMEN SAY "YES"



MRS. ELIZABETH SEARS

Should a girl have a fling at working before she walks down the church aisle to the tune of a wedding march?

In other words, has hitting the typewriter keys a bearing on house-keeping; has keeping an office in tip-

BY MRS. ELIZABETH SEARS

Editor and Writer
I don't know just why Professor Power should have set the period of work at five years, because limiting it would seem to standardize responsibility.

Certainly the girl who works, whether it is more than five years or less than five years, knows economic conditions from the outside as well as the inside. She knows what it means to have responsibility. And she rarely shirks.

Isn't that just about an ideal qualification for a wife?

I think if every one would accept their share of responsibility most couples would jog along pretty happily—there's just one danger in all of this; the capable business or professional girl might be willing to assume too much of the burden.

On the whole though, give me the business or professional woman—they seldom fall down on anything they attempt.

Tuesday. The entire music class of Mrs. Wheelers take part in these lessons which are in preparation for the recital which will be given in the early spring.

ENTERTAINS AT HOME

Miss Evelyn George was hostess to about 20 of her friends at her home last evening. The evening was spent dancing after which dainty refreshments were served by the hostess.

RETURNS TO HOME

Mrs. T. J. Harris, who has been a holiday guest at the home of her mother, Mrs. T. W. Griffin, left yesterday morning for her home at Lisbon, N. D.

BASKET BALL NOTICE

All Junior High School boys of grades 7 and 8 who are interested in basket ball are asked to be at the high school gymnasium Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

VISITING IN CITY

Mrs. Robert Murry and son, Leonard, of Grand Prairie, Alberta, Canada, is the guest of Mrs. Murry's father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Woodmansee and will remain in the city for several weeks.

D. A. R. MEETING.

The Minnehosha, chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution will hold their meeting at the home of Mrs. O. N. Dunham on Friday afternoon, January 6.

REGAN VISITORS

Mrs. Andrew Regan and Mrs. G. Westerman of Regan were shopping and visiting friends in the city yesterday. They expect to visit in Bismarck over the week end.

ON BUSINESS TRIP

Fred C. Hanson, income tax advisor of the city, left this morning for Grand Forks and Fargo, N. D., on a business trip.

RETURNS TO SCHOOL

Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Remington and son, Paul, left last night for Paulton, Minn., where Paul will resume his studies at Shattuck Military Academy.

TO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

Franklin Roberts, son of Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Roberts, has gone to Fargo where he will enter the Fargo Agricultural College.

LEAVES FOR JAMESTOWN

W. D. DeNault, manager of the Farm Loan Department of the Bank of North Dakota, left this morning for Jamestown.

COMMUNITY COUNCIL MEETS.

The Women's Community Council will hold their regular meeting at the rest room of the Masonic temple on Saturday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

FROM ST. PAUL

Edward A. Whitaker, of St. Paul, traveling passenger agent, is in the city on business matters today.

RETURNS FROM VISIT.

Mrs. E. L. Whitson returned this morning from Denver and Pueblo, Colorado, where she spent the holidays visiting friends.

WILTON VISITORS

N. G. Hagen and Albin Spangberg of Wilton were visiting in Bismarck and attending to business matters here yesterday.

VISIT IN TWIN CITIES

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Clark of the city are visiting friends in the Twin Cities this week.

RETURNS TO GRAND FORKS

C. L. Lindstrom, who has been visiting at the E. T. Burke home, has returned to his home at Grand Forks.



MISS VIOLET TERWILLINGER

top shape anything to do with home making, or has caring for a firm's books and punching an adding machine anything to do with making a husband happy?

Professor Ralph L. Power of the

BY MISS VIOLET TERWILLINGER

Noted Sculptor
Having worked, whether or not a girl stays at it five years, would better fit her for companionship.

Working broadens a woman and tends to make her less selfish. The only argument I could think of against a girl's working five years or more before marriage is that she might become so wedded to her career that she wouldn't want to give it up.

But, if she has found a real career, there would be no reason for giving it up.

The woman who actually accomplishes can combine her secret with being a wife because she will not have to give all of her time to her work.

I think that marriage is merely a form of social life and I am sure that if I should give the time to a husband or married life which I now give to social life I could have a very happy companionship.

GIVE SUCCESSFUL PARTY.

Everyone who attended the opera house party at the Business and Professional Women's club rooms last evening had a delightful time and enjoyed the affair. The evening was spent playing cards and dancing. During the evening the guests had their fortunes told with a clever candle game. Fruit punch was served during the evening. The hostesses were the Misses Lavina Peterson, Phyllis Lindquist and Leila Deisem.

RETURN TO HOME.

The Misses Bluebell and Mary Andrist, who have been visiting at the home of their aunt, Mrs. Frank Andrist and their cousin, Mrs. Hendrickson, left today for their homes at Crookston, Minn.

McKENZIE VISITOR.

Harry O'Neil of McKenzie, was a business visitor in the city today.

FARGO VISITOR.

L. L. Twitchell of Fargo, was a business visitor in the city today.

WING BUSINESS VISITORS.

J. A. Kohler, Chris Berg and Danah Slaglock of Wing, were transacting business in Bismarck yesterday.

RETURN FROM VISIT

Judge and Mrs. H. A. Bronson and daughter have returned from the Twin Cities where they spent the holidays.

VISITS IN BEACH

Mrs. J. A. Hoffman has gone to Beach, N. D., where she will visit at the home of friends for several days.

BUSINESS VISITOR

J. P. Reeves of Beach, N. D., was a business visitor in the city yesterday. Mr. Reeves is a former representative from Golden Valley county.

FARGO BUSINESS VISITOR

George P. Hollister of the Northern Trust company of Fargo was transacting business in the city yesterday.

AT ST. PAUL

Alfred Zuger and T. H. Poole of the city are in St. Paul on a several days business trip.

SHOPPING HERE.

Mrs. Charles Noon and Mrs. Hill of Wilton were shopping and visiting friends in the city today.

BUSINESS VISITOR.

Attorney E. C. Rubie of Driscoll, was a business visitor in Bismarck today.

BUSINESS VISITORS

Arthur B. Atkins of Napoleon and his sister, Mrs. R. W. Miller, of Mott, are business visitors in the city for several days.

VISITING FRIENDS HERE.

Mrs. R. L. Sherman of Zillah, Wash., is visiting friends in Bismarck.

BEACH VISITOR

B. J. Kwalick of Beach was a visitor in Bismarck today.

GUEST FROM MANDAN

Mrs. George F. Wilson of Mandan was visiting in the city today, a guest of Miss Isabel Campbell.

VISITOR FROM WYOMING

M. Kish of Casper, Wyoming is visiting in Bismarck for several days.

FROM GRAND FORKS

J. F. T. O'Connor of Grand Forks was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

VISITING FRIENDS

M. M. White of White Plains, N. H., is visiting friends in the city over the week end.

VISITING HERE

Miss Bernice Hoffer of Mandan is



MISS RITA WEIMAN

University of California answers "yes" to all questions. He further says that every girl should work five years before marrying.

What do the women folks think about it? Three well-known women were asked. Here's what they say:

BY MISS RITA WEIMAN

Author of Stage Successes
I think that every girl should be taught some occupation while she is still young enough to make it an essential part of her life.

Nowadays girls of 14 and 15 are beginning to search for something to be interested in. And they shouldn't marry while they're in that wide-eyed searching stage.

At 13 a girl's ideal is the best looking man she knows.

At 22 she wants to marry the man she can sentimentalize over.

At 25 or 30 she becomes fond of the man with whom she is companionable.

I'd have a law passed preventing any girl from marrying before she is 25 and any man marrying before he is 30.

And if by that time the girl has a profession or business in which she has found success and happiness, she shouldn't give it up, because the man who loved her when she was that business or professional woman would find her interest to be just his wife.

a guest at the W. E. Jensen home, 625 Sixth street.

SHOPPING HERE

Mrs. Clara Usselman of Mandan was a shopper in the city yesterday.

Church Societies

LUTHERAN AID

The Ladies Aid Society of the Swedish Lutheran church will hold their annual meeting and election of officers in the church parlors next Thursday afternoon.

EPISCOPAL GUILD

St. George's Episcopal Guild will hold their meeting at the church this afternoon. Reports of all committees will be given at this time and the financial report will also be given.

BAPTIST SOCIETIES

The Mission Circle of the Baptist church is meeting at the home of Mrs. P. Mobley this afternoon. An interesting program had been arranged for this meeting.

The Ladies Aid of the Baptist church will hold their regular meeting with Mrs. Otto Dirlam on Thursday of next week.

CATHOLIC SOCIETY

St. Mary's Sewing Circle is holding its regular meeting at St. Mary's hall this afternoon. Election of officers will be held at this meeting.

PRESBYTERIAN SOCIETIES

The regular meeting of the Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian church is being held at the church parlors this afternoon.

The Missionary Society of the church will be held at the church next Thursday afternoon.

The Christian Endeavor are giving a "Hard Times" in the church parlors this evening.

WHITE SPOTS.

A cloth moistened with camphor will remove white spots from furniture.

PACKING.

When packing pictures put corks between them in the corners of the frames, and they will not scratch each other.

ADD SALT.

Put a little salt in the frying pan before you put the lard in and it will not spatter or splash.

CUT CUTS.

Cut cuts of brightly colored leather are being used much on frocks for small girls. They border the hem line neck line and sleeves.

GIRDLES.

Fancy girdles of all kinds are being used on afternoon dresses. Some of them are made of segments of metal, others of a medium resembling celluloid.

BANANAS.

Try using the not quite ripe bananas as a vegetable some time. Cut the fruit in half and stew for 15 minutes in a little water. Drain cover with cream sauce such as is used for cauliflower, and serve hot.

Get your coal in while you may. It may be hard to get Washburn Lignite Coal Co. Phone 453.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR

A regular convocation of Tamed Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar, will be held at the Masonic Temple on Thursday evening, January 5, at 7.30.

DOUGHNUTS!

Sister Mary Tells How to Make 'Em

During the winter months doughnuts, crullers or fried cakes taste awfully good with a cup of coffee in the morning for breakfast or with cheese and coffee for dinner.

Properly speaking doughnuts are made with bread dough, fried cakes or crullers with a light dough made with soda or baking powder. But usage dubs them doughnuts or fried cakes regardless.

Great-Grandmother's Doughnuts.
If possible buy a cup of yeast from the baker. If not, dissolve 1-2 yeast cake in 1 cup luke warm water.

One cup yeast, 2 cups sugar, 1-2 cup lard, 1 cup milk, 2 eggs, 1 nutmeg, 1-2 teaspoon soda, 1-8 teaspoon salt, flour.

Heat milk. Add lard and let stand till lard is melted and milk is luke warm. Add yeast. Stir in salt and sugar. Sift four cups flour into a large pan or mixing bowl. Work it up around the sides and pour yeast mixture into the flour. Cover with a cloth and put in a warm place to rise over night. In the morning stir in eggs well beaten, the nutmeg grated and the soda dissolved in a little warm water. Mix well with a big spoon and knead on a floured molding board. Add more flour if necessary to knead. The dough should not be as stiff as bread dough. Put in a bowl, cover with a cloth and let rise in a warm place. Cut off small cubes and let rise 15 minutes. Fry in deep, hot fat and drain on brown paper.

Potato Doughnuts

One and one-half cups mashed potatoes, 1 cup sugar, 1 cup sweet milk, 2 tablespoons butter, 2 eggs, 3 teaspoons baking powder, 1 teaspoon vanilla, 1-2 teaspoon grated nutmeg, 1-2 teaspoon salt, flour to roll.

Beat eggs well and mix ingredients in the order given. Roll on a floured molding board to one-half-inch thickness. Cut with a dough-nut cutter and fry in deep hot fat. Drain on brown paper. Put sifted powdered sugar in a paper bag, add doughnuts, two at a time and shake.

Sour Milk Doughnuts

Two eggs, 1 cup sugar, 3 tablespoons melted butter, 4 cups flour, 1 cup milk, 1 teaspoon soda, 1-4 teaspoon salt, 1-2 teaspoon grated nutmeg.

Cream butter and sugar. Add eggs well beaten. Mix flour, salt and nutmeg mixed and sifted. Dissolve soda in sour milk and add alternately to first mixture with dry ingredients. If not stiff enough to roll add a little more flour. Toss on a floured molding board and roll to about one-half-inch thickness. Cut in rings and fry in deep hot fat. Drain and sugar. Doughnuts made with soda or baking powder should not be turned but once during frying.

How to Cook Tasty Winter Vegetable

Winter vegetable that is very palatable if carefully prepared is the salsify or vegetable oyster. Like many of the root vegetables salsify is much better after the frost touches it. A nippy frost sweetens and makes the vegetable more tender.

Salsify can be used for soup as well as for an extra vegetable. Care must be taken that the vegetable does not discolor as it is scraped and piled for cooking. Drop into water to which lemon juice or vinegar has been added as soon as the root is scraped.

Mock Oyster Soup.

One bunch salsify, 1 slice bread, 2 cups water, 2 cups milk, 2 tablespoons butter, 1 teaspoon salt, 1-4 teaspoon pepper.

Wash and scrape salsify. Cut in quarter-inch slices. Put in kettle with bread and water and cook slowly for an hour. Add water as necessary to keep 2 cups. Heat milk, add to cooked salsify, season with salt, pepper and butter and let stand ten minutes without boiling but at the boiling point.

Creamed Salsify.

One bunch salsify, 6 cups water, 2 teaspoon salt, 1 tablespoon butter, 1 tablespoon lemon juice, 11-2 cups white sauce.

Scrape roots and cut in slices about

CRAMPS, PAINS AND BACKACHE

St. Louis Woman Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

St. Louis, Mo. "I was bothered with cramps and pains every month and I recommended your Vegetable Compound to my friends for a long time."

Mrs. DELLA SCHWARTZ, 111 Salsbury Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Just think for a moment. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been in use for nearly fifty years. It is prepared from medicinal plants, by the utmost pharmaceutical skill, and superior methods. The ingredients thus combined in the Compound correct the conditions which cause such annoying symptoms as have been troubling Mrs. Schwartz. The Vegetable Compound exercises a restorative influence of the most desirable character, correcting the trouble in a gentle but efficient manner. This is why the Compound is so popular among the women of the world.

Get your copy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound today. It may be hard to get Washburn Lignite Coal Co. Phone 453.

CITY NEWS

Enter Hospital.
The three children of P. J. Cahill of Wilton, have entered the St. Alexius hospital and will undergo slight operations. Mr. Cahill will remain with them here.

At Bismarck Hospital.
Mrs. Martin Whitman of Yucca, Leon Whitney of Dale, Mrs. M. Siffer of Beulah, and Evelyn Mattson of Beulah, have entered the Bismarck hospital for treatment.

At St. Alexius Hospital.
Judge L. J. Palda of Minot

works a long time, perfecting battle-horn armor-plate that nothing can pierce. It turns about and perfects a shell that will pierce anything. Then attention swings back to armor-plate, again to shells, so on indefinitely.

United States, in arming for defense, must provide many capable airplanes, cautiously keeping an expert eye on the possibility that airplanes may have junked the fighting power of battleships.

But a weapon that eventually will junk the airplane is certain to be perfected. Why not train flocks of birds to attack airplanes? A bird, hitting a propeller, frequently wrecks a flying machine. Airmen often say they dread nothing as much as birds.

For every weapon, man can invent a counter-acting defense. Apply this military law to your own problems. Every problem has a solution. Never give up.

Picture a train with 829,722 freight cars. That was what all American railroads loaded with freight and moved during the first week of November.

That would make a big train. By squeezing some, the whole population of United States could travel in it, standing up.

This great number of freight car loadings was 2998 more than were loaded in the corresponding week of 1919.

General business conditions go up or down with freight traffic. The railroad figures show that better times are approaching steadily.

Farmers, in the depths of gloom, should take cheer at this:

For the first 11 months of the year, wheat exports from our country were 269,497,218 bushels in 1921, against 192,383,961 bushels in 1920 and 138,566,764 bushels in 1919.

And, for 11 months, corn exports were 118,811,271 bushels in 1921, against 14,720,333 bushels in 1920 and 9,666,544 bushels in 1919.

This again proves that falling-off in foreign trade is largely a price hoax. The consolation is that these big grain exports will cut down the carry-over. That favors higher prices for farmers in 1922.

Louisa Wells toiled as a weaver girl in a mill at Lowell, Mass. Her great dream was to be buried in a certain cemetery, among the departed mighty. She died in 1886, leaving her life savings to purchase burial space and a marble monument.

Her heirs contested the will. Now, after 36 years, courts decide that Louisa's life-dream is to be fulfilled. The poor little weaver girl rests among the mighty.

Too bad, for her aching heart, that Louisa cannot see her monument. It will be finer than she expected, for her savings, originally about \$2000, have grown to \$8000 by compound interest. Enough is left over to care perpetually for the memorial.

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"ONCE TO EVERY MAN AND NATION"

No more pregnant utterance has been made concerning the Irish treaty than a single sentence that Arthur Griffith dropped in his quiet voice so casually and simply that it escaped the pens of many of the correspondents who sat picking and choosing among his words for the sensational and the important. Moving his resolution that the treaty be approved, he accidentally asked the dail to remember that if it rejected that convention "Ireland would then be fighting with the sympathy of the world against her," and slipped on to other things.

But that slight word is crucial. What the sympathy of the world has meant to Ireland is beyond estimate. It has been so potent as to make the world forgive Ireland injuries which it would have forgiven no other country. It was by design, not accident, that the Easter rebellion was planned for the hour when France had her back to the wall at Verdun, planned so as to draw to Ireland France's British reinforcements; and it was not Ireland's fault that France, beaten to her knees, did not slip under the crown prince's knife in that week. Yet France has forgiven her.

In the United States even England's friends sympathize with Ireland. Writers like Sir Philip Gibbs go back home saying that the strongest pleas they have heard in America for justice to Ireland have come from men who love England. Some years ago an American girl created a furore at a banquet on the other side by plagiarizing Elizabeth Barrett Browning's great line about Italy and calling the green island "the sweetheart of the nations." Is it possible that De Valera and his friends do not see how instantly that worldwide sympathy will be alienated if now, with peace in her hands, Ireland casts it aside and declares for war? And such a war—a perpetual Vinegar Hill! Instantly England will pass from the dock to the accuser's place; from being in the wrong among even her friends to being in the right even among her enemies, and Ireland's friends abroad will shrink to the little herd of Cohalans and John Devoys. Is the change worth making? Let the dail ponder.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

EDITORIAL REVIEW

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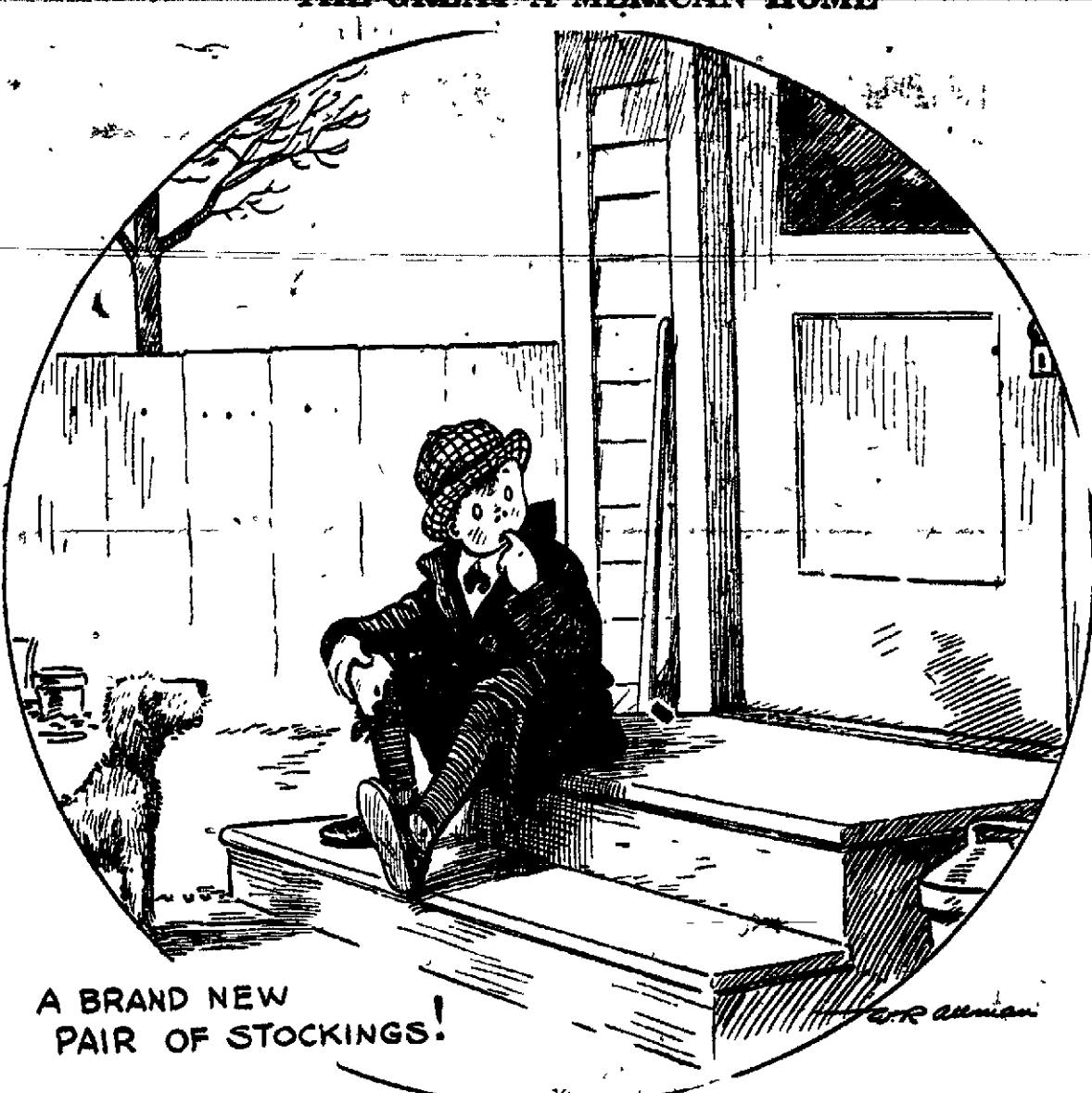
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A BRAND NEW PAIR OF STOCKINGS!

There's a funny, little fellow, In a suit of red and yellow, Living up in our old apple tree; Be the weather wet or shiney, He is never sad nor whiney, But as jolly, and as happy as can be.

Oh, his heart is bright and cheery, And he never has grown weary, Tho' he's lonesome oftentimes, I ween; And he touches up the places, Where the sun can't reach the faces, Of the apples, thru their heavy, leafy screen.

How the birds and bees all love him, And the blue skies smile above him, While the wind rocks him to sleep at night; And the robin singing sweetly, Puts his dreams to flight completely, At the first red tintings of the morning light.

He's a funny, little fellow, And his heart is just as mellow, As an apple's heart could ever be; But he always stays in hiding, And a secret I'm confiding— I believe he is afraid of you and me.

—Florence Bonner.

THE APPLE TREE MAN

There's a funny, little fellow, In a suit of red and yellow, Living up in our old apple tree; Be the weather wet or shiney, He is never sad nor whiney, But as jolly, and as happy as can be.

Oh, his heart is bright and cheery, And he never has grown weary, Tho' he's lonesome oftentimes, I ween; And he touches up the places, Where the sun can't reach the faces, Of the apples, thru their heavy, leafy screen.

How the birds and bees all love him, And the blue skies smile above him, While the wind rocks him to sleep at night; And the robin singing sweetly, Puts his dreams to flight completely, At the first red tintings of the morning light.

He's a funny, little fellow, And his heart is just as mellow, As an apple's heart could ever be; But he always stays in hiding, And a secret I'm confiding— I believe he is afraid of you and me.

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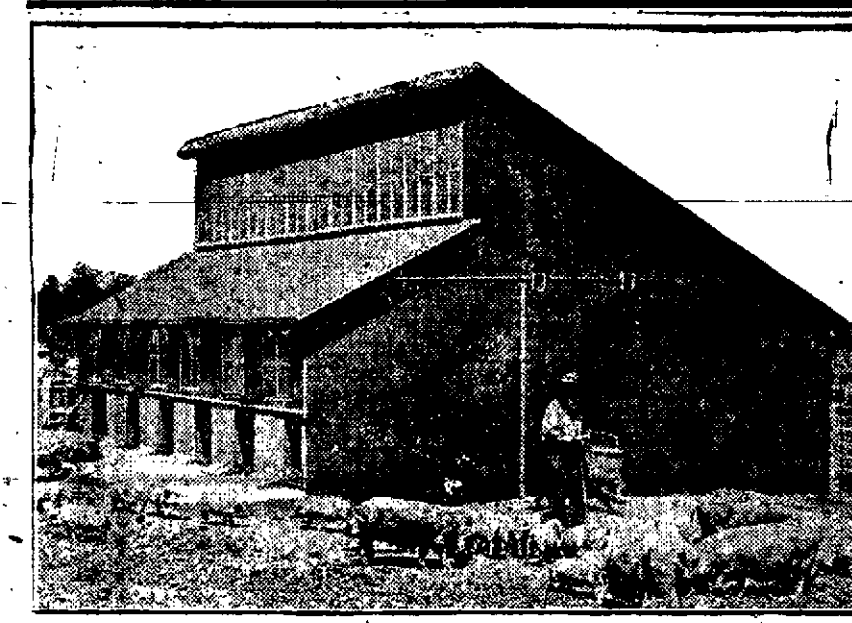
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Oh, his heart is



SUNNY HOME FOR THE YOUNG PIGS

Substantial Frame Construction on Concrete Foundation.

HOUSES 12 PIGS AND SOWS

Inexpensive Building Provides Proper Shelter for the Young Brood—Windows Supply Light and Ventilation.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

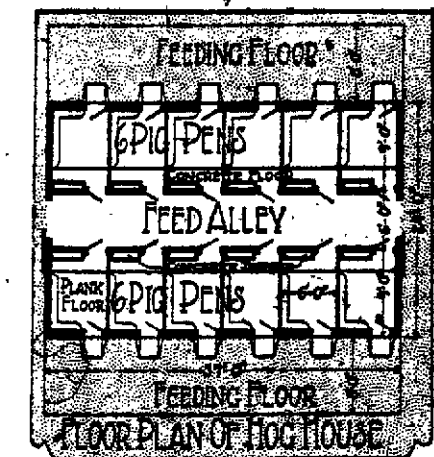
Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building work on the farm, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 127 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only inclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Sows bred in November will farrow during the month of March, which gives the young pigs an early start, a thing sought by all successful swine raisers. But when young pigs come along in March, both they and their mothers need a weather-tight, sunny house, or not many of the youngsters will be brought to maturity.

It is this profitable method of breeding—that is, breeding for early spring farrowing—that has caused farm building architects to design such hog houses as the one shown in the accompanying illustration. This building is of substantial frame construction, set on a concrete foundation. Its outside walls are of matched siding, so that the wind and cold cannot get in. At the same time it is so designed that a maximum of spring sun will be admitted to all parts of the house, adding the sun's heat to the heat thrown off by the sows. The windows also permit good ventilation, which prevents the air in the house from becoming moist and "clammy."

The hog house shown in the illustration is 37 feet long and 24 feet wide. This size will accommodate 12 pens, each 6 feet wide and 9 feet long. A six-foot alley, or passageway, extends through the center of the building, for the convenience of the caretaker in feeding and removing the litter. Each pen has a feed trough at the feeding alley. A part of the pen floor is covered with planks, raised from the concrete so as to permit a circulation of air underneath. This plank floor holds the plentiful supply of bedding that little pigs need and prevents the youngsters from coming in contact with the cold cement floor. Around the three sides of the pen is a rail, raised slightly from the floor, to give the pigs a place where they will be safe from being crushed by the mother.

The building should be set on a site slightly higher than the ground around it, so as to provide good drainage for surface water. The side in which the windows are set should face south, so as to get the full benefit of the late winter and early spring sun. The windows in the side wall admit the sunlight to the pens on the near side, while the upper windows perform the same service for the pens on the far side. Connected with each pen is a door at the grade line, which permits the sows and the pigs to go outside as the weather becomes warmer. A concrete feeding floor, for outdoor feeding, adjoins the building on the sunny side.



From this description it will be seen that the needs of the sows and the pigs are well taken care of in this building design. Every provision is made for their comfort and health, and for convenience in caring for them. While the building is substantially built, it is not of the expensive

type, but will house the swine profitably.

Farmers in the corn belt, and in every part of the country, are turning more and more to live-stock raising, now that the prices of farm products are low. Feeding corn to hogs and cattle, and thus marketing it "on the hoof" brings a better price than though the grain was sold in its natural state. It is proven by records of prices that live stock have depreciated in value far less than grains.

However, there is not much profit in hog raising unless a maximum number of the pigs farrowed are saved. The first few weeks in a pig's life are the most important, for upon the start the youngsters get depends the speed with which they can be fitted for market. Unless they have the proper housing, are protected from cold, dampness and drafts the pigs are apt to die, or their growth be retarded.

Such a building as the one shown can be built in winter as well as summer. The concrete for the foundation may be laid in a day, when the temperature is above freezing, and then should be well protected from frost. It requires at least three days for concrete to properly set in winter, when the temperature is at freezing or lower. But under no circumstances should wet concrete be allowed to freeze. If it does it will crumble and be of little value as a building foundation.

After the foundation for the building is set, the work of framing and enclosing the building can go ahead regardless of the weather. When the building is complete the concrete floor can be laid, as the building can be kept warm with a stove. By using these methods the farmer may have a good, warm house in which to place his sows and when the pigs arrive they will find a beautiful place in which to get a good start in life before spring comes. Farrowed in March the pigs will be weaned about the time pasture is ready.

Mooring Mast for Airplane.
A mooring mast for nonrigid dirigibles, constructed at the United States naval air station at Pensacola, Fla., consists of a lattice-steel mast on a concrete base, supporting a semicircular inverted arch, or crutch, of trussed-steel construction. The mast rotates within a collar geyed to concrete footings. A wire rope extends from a winch at the base of the mast to a pulley in the crutch and then to the ground. The dirigible picks up the free end of this rope by means of a line dropped to the ground, and it is made fast to the ship. The ship is brought down to the crutch by means of the winch. Two lines, from small winches at the top of each crutch arm, are snapped to eyes on the envelope of the ship and it is pulled firmly against bearing pads by the winches. —Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Experimenting With Lumber.
A forest-products laboratory is about to be established in West Australia which, it is hoped, will develop into an institution similar to those at Madison, Wis., and at the McGill university, Montreal, Canada. Investigations have already shown that without doubt there exist forest growths in Australia from which a satisfactory paper pulp can be made. The supply of raw material is plentiful, and a pulping mill could work on some of the native woods without in any way reducing the supply of merchantable timber. At present the wastage of good timber is so extensive that it is estimated that about 60 per cent of the timber felled for milling purposes never reaches the form of salable lumber. —Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Lively Sense of Gratitude.
W. G. Willis, the English novelist, one night allowed himself to be dragged to the theater by a friend, when he would far rather have stayed at home. The young man at the door would not admit them, though Willis had a standing invitation to the house, but the proper official was afterward found, and gave the necessary permission. Willis endured the performance with stoical calmness, but, on going out, said pathetically: "I am looking for that kind-hearted young man who was for not letting me in. I should like to give him a shilling."

Use Plane for Ambulance.
Recently one of the continental air expresses was converted into an ambulance for a woman patient traveling with a nurse from London to Paris to undergo an urgent operation. The woman, after being taken to the air station in a motorcar, was carried in an invalid chair and lifted into the saloon of the airplane, which had been specially prepared for her.

The Canada lynx, while hunting its prey, emits terrifying shrieks.

John Rankin, in 1818, originated the first abolitionist society.

United States government struck the first coins in 1792.

Red cedar is used principally in making lead pencils.

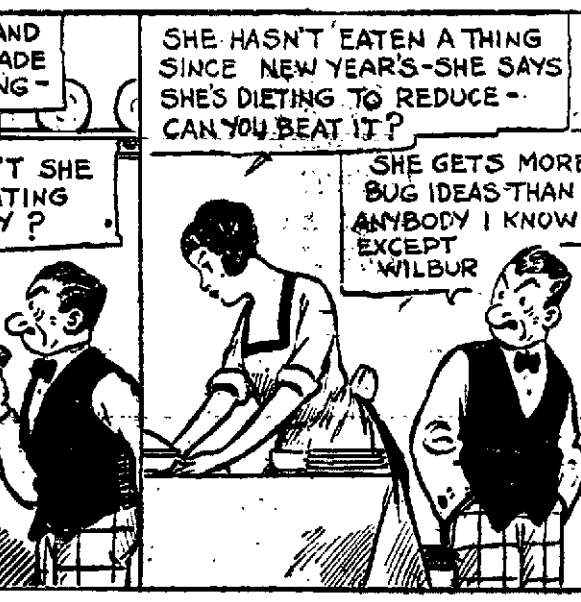
Scientists say there is a perfect vacuum 200 miles above sea level.

Silver dollar of 1804 sold at auction for \$2,300.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS



Not Eating Is Some Task



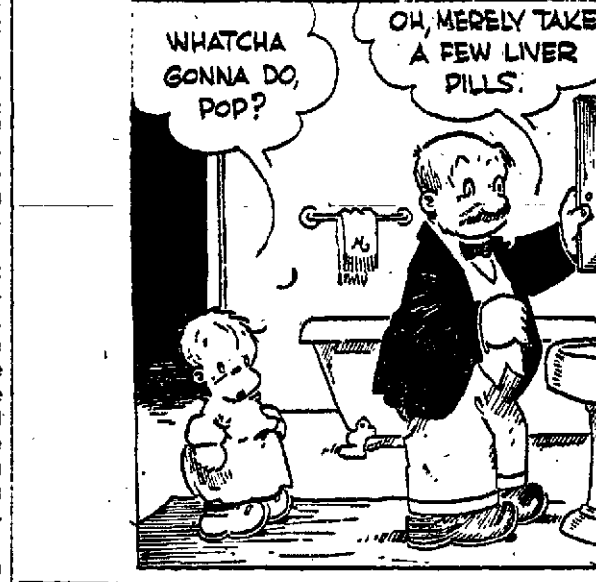
BY ALLMAN



BY BLOSSER



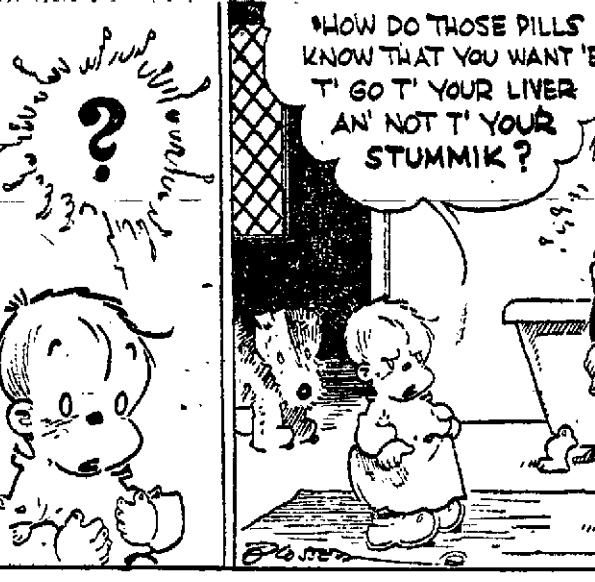
FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



That's What Puzzles Us



BY BLOSSER



CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

HELP WANTED—MALE
WANTED—A woman cook, one who understands pastry baking. Frank Everts, 5th and Broadway. 1-3-3t

WORK WANTED
WANTED—Family washings, men's washings or ladies washings, to take home. Phone 456-M, or call at 310 South Eighth street. 12-31-1w

ROOMS FOR RENT
FOR RENT—Light housekeeping rooms. Also farm for rent. 418 1st St. Phone 241-J. 1-5-3t

FOR RENT—Nice warm modern furnished room. Close in. Phone 638-M. 505 2nd St. 1-5-1 wk

FOR RENT—Furnished room with board, 405 5th St. Phone 512-R. 1-5-3t

FOR RENT—Modern furnished room with board for lady. 422 4th St. 1-5-3t

FOR RENT—Single or double rooms in modern home, 610 8th St. 1-3-3t

FOR RENT—Large modern room. 522 2nd street. 1-4-3t

FOR SALE OR RENT—Strictly modern seven-room house. Inquire phone 751 or 151. 12-31-4f

FOR RENT—Modern house, 212 6th St. Hedden Real Estate Agency. Phone 0. 1-3-3t

FOR RENT—6-room furnished house. Inquire State Record. 12-31-1w

MISCELLANEOUS
FOR SALE—Fifty carloads of choice lignite coal at \$2.65 per ton. F. O. B. Odessa, N. D. Burt State Bank. Burt, N. D. 12-24-1m

HELP WANTED—FEMALE
WANTED—School girl to work for board and room. Small family. Phone 376-M. 1-5-3t

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Phone 265. 1-4-1t

AUTOMOBILES—MOTORCYCLES
FOR SALE—1920 Cleveland Six. Run about 1,200 miles; car and tires in good condition. Owner leaving city. Bargain if taken at once. Call E. G. Hanselman, Grand Pacific hotel. Saturday and Sunday. 1-5-5t

BOARD AND ROOM
FOR RENT—Large, warm, nicely furnished rooms in strictly modern home. Hot water heat. Also furnished apartment on first floor, screened porch. Call at 217 8th street. 1-5-1w

GOOD TABLE BOARD—Price very reasonable. Close in. Also dress-making, altering of all kinds. Mrs. J. J. Dehne, 423 2nd St. Phone 772-J. 1-4-1 wk.

BREAKFAST AND SUPPER with furnished rooms at \$1.00 per day. Will also take washing. Phone 638 W. 822 7th street. 1-4-2wks

BOARDERS WANTED—Board and room or table board. Home Cooking. The Dunavon. Phone 356, 212 3rd Street. 12-28-4 wks.

PEELING ONIONS.
If you hold the onion with a fork, cut off the top and bottom. The sides will fall away easily.

LACES.
If delicate laces need more body than is left after laundering, moisten them with a little water in which some ordinary white sugar has been melted.

CLEANING BRONZE.
Hot soap suds will clean genuine bronze. Rinse the suds off with water and wipe dry with a soft cloth.

Havre, Mont., is said to be the coldest place in the United States.

LEGAL NOTICES

SUMMONS.
STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, County of Burleigh, No. DISTRICT COURT, Fourth Judicial District.
Minneapolis Iron Store Company, a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. William C. Dege and Valentine Henn, Defendants.
The State of North Dakota to the above named Defendants:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated this 26th day of November, 1921.
MILLER, ZUGER & TILLOTSON, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office in Henn Building, Bismarck, N. Dak.

SUMMONS.
State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh, In Justice Court, before Geo. H. Dolan, Justice.
Otto Johnson and Carl Johnson, defendants, vs. Otto Johnson and Carl Johnson, Popular Fried Store, plaintiff.
Joe Child, defendant.
The State of North Dakota to the Said Defendant:
By this second summons herein you are directed to appear before me in my office in the city of Bismarck, in Burleigh county, North Dakota, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the 15th day of January, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer the complaint of Otto Johnson and Carl Johnson doing business as Otto Johnson and Carl Johnson Popular Fried Store, plaintiff, alleging that you have them a check for \$20.00, and that there are no funds to pay the sum, and that they have issued a summons against me, and demanding judgment against you for \$20.00, and that the said personal property also described in the complaint is in your possession and control, and the sum of \$20.00 belonging to the defendant herein.
And demanding judgment against you for \$20.00, and that the said personal property also described in the complaint is in your possession and control, and you are notified that unless you appear and answer that the defendant will take judgment against you accordingly.
GEO. H. DOLAN, Justice of the Peace for and for Burleigh county, North Dakota. (12-22, 22, 1-5)

DECISION OF SUPREME COURT From Cass County
In re Anderson, Plaintiff and Appellant, vs. City of Fargo, a municipal corporation, Defendant and Respondent.
Syllabus:
(1) Plaintiff brought this action against defendant to recover damages for its alleged negligence in maintaining upon a certain school playground certain obstructions such as troughs, chutes and heavy swings, which were used by the children while attending the school there conducted.
Plaintiff's son, a boy aged thirteen years and three months, while attending the school, and while playing upon said playground, was struck and killed by one of the heavy swings.
(2) The title of all school property of the City of Fargo was vested in the City, for the use of the schools there, by a special act of the legislature of March 4th, 1885, which act was amended February 2, 1915. The same act provided for a board of education for the schools of the city, and gave it exclusive control of them, and the further right to purchase, sell, exchange and lease houses or rooms for school purposes and lots or sites for school houses, and to borrow money for school purposes, as provided by the act amended.
(3) The defendant demurred to the complaint on the ground that it did not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action. The trial court sustained the demurrer, which for reasons stated in the opinion, we think, was not error.

APPEAL FROM AN ORDER BY THE DISTRICT COURT OF CASS COUNTY.

M. J. Englert, Judge.
Opinion of the Court by Grace, Ch. J.
Order affirmed.
Taylor Crum, Fargo, N. D., Attorney for Plaintiff.
W. H. Shure, Fargo, N. D., Attorney for Respondent.
Aubrey Lawrence, Fargo, N. D., of Counsel.

SECOND SUMMONS.

State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh, In Justice Court, before Geo. H. Dolan, Justice.
Otto Johnson and Carl Johnson, defendants, vs. Otto Johnson and Carl Johnson, Popular Fried Store, plaintiff.
Joe Child, defendant.
The State of North Dakota to the Said Defendant:
By this second summons herein you are directed to appear before me in my office in the city of Bismarck, in Burleigh county, North Dakota, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the 15th day of January, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer the complaint of Otto Johnson and Carl Johnson doing business as Otto Johnson and Carl Johnson Popular Fried Store, plaintiff, alleging that you have them a check for \$20.00, and that there are no funds to pay the sum, and that they have issued a summons against me, and demanding judgment against you for \$20.00, and that the said personal property also described in the complaint is in your possession and control, and the sum of \$20.00 belonging to the defendant herein.
And demanding judgment against you for \$20.00, and that the said personal property also described in the complaint is in your possession and control, and you are notified that unless you appear and answer that the defendant will take judgment against you accordingly.
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CHICAGO LIVESTOCK

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Cattle receipts 10,000. Mostly steady to higher. Hog receipts 37,000. 15 to 25 cents higher. Sheep receipts 13,000. Steady to 25 cents higher.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR

Minneapolis, Jan. 5.—Flour 20 to 25 cents higher. In carload lots family patents quoted at \$7.00 a barrel in 68-pound cotton sacks. Shipments 33,675 barrels. Bran \$22.

ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK

St. Paul, Jan. 5.—Cattle receipts 1,600. Steady to strong. Common to medium beef steers \$5 to \$6.25. Butcher cows and heifers largely \$2.25 to \$5. Canners and cutters mostly \$2.25 to \$3. Bologna hogs \$2.75 to \$3.75. Sucklers and feeders, bulk \$4.25 to \$5.25. Veal calves steady to strong. Bulk of best lights \$7. Hog receipts 6,200. Steady to 25 cents higher. Hogs averaging about 175 pounds down, largely \$7.50. Few lights \$7.65. Bulk good, medium-weight butchers \$7 to \$7.10. Heavy packers \$5.75 to \$6. Good pigs \$8. Sheep receipts 800. Steady to strong. Good and choice fat lambs quotable at \$10.25 to \$11. Good sheep \$4.50 to \$5.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN

Minneapolis, Jan. 5.—Wheat receipts 144 cars compared with 238 cars a year ago. Cash No. 1 northern \$1.25 3-4; Dec. \$1.19 3-4; May \$1.19 3-4; July \$1.14 2-4.
Corn No. 2 yellow, 39 to 39 1-2 cents. Oats No. 2 white, 30 1-4 to 31 cents. Barley 33 to 30 cents.
Rye No. 2, 72 3-4 to 73 1-4 cents. Flax No. 1, \$1.18 5-8 to \$2.04 5-8.

BISMARCK GRAIN.

(Furnished by Russell-Miller Co.)
Bismarck, Jan. 5.
No. 1 dark northern..... \$1.12
No. 1 amber durum..... 73
No. 1 mixed durum..... 68
No. 1 red durum..... 63
No. 1 flax..... 1.68
No. 2 flax..... 1.66
No. 2 rye..... 56

THE OLD HOME TOWN



BY STANLEY



JUST AS ASA TRUMAN WAS ON THE WAY TO PAY HIS YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION FOR THE WEEKLY CLARION THE HANDLES ON BOTH BASKETS GAVE WAY—

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

WEBB BROTHERS
Undertakers Embalmers Funeral Directors
Licensed Embalmer in Charge
DAY PHONE 246 NIGHT PHONES 246-887

PERRY UNDERTAKING PARLORS
Licensed Embalmer in Charge
Day Phone 100 Night Phone 100 or 687

BISMARCK FURNITURE COMPANY
220 MAIN STREET
Upholstered Furniture Made to Order

BISMARCK WINS OVER WASHBURN SCORE 32 TO 13

Another Victory is Chalked Up By Basketball Team on its Long Trip on Road

WASHBURN HAS ONE STAR

Holtan Shows Up Well—Bismarck Plays at Wilton Tonight—Comes Home

(Special to The Tribune)
Washburn, N. D., Jan. 5.—Bismarck high school's fast basketball team chalked up another victory last night over Washburn high school. The score was 32 to 13. The game was interesting throughout. The visiting team played a strong game, but the home team, Washburn, downed them 13 to 32. The game was a real test for Bismarck and allowed Washburn to make a great score. Coach Swanson put in Halloran and Kuntz at forward, Brown at center and Stroggins and Middaugh at guards, the latter playing the standing guard. Alvin Lark and Doye rested on the bench. The Washburn star was Holtan, playing forward. He made 10 of Washburn's points, throwing 7 foul shots and three field baskets. One of his throws was from beyond the center of the foul.

The Bismarck team was to leave late this afternoon for Wilton to play the last game of the long trip. Coach Swanson received his request for Bismarck fans to drive up to the game at Wilton tonight and bring the team home. Otherwise the team must remain over for a day. The team generally is in good shape.



STAR BALL PLAYERS TAKE MANY FOOL CHANCES

BY BILLY EVANS
Star ball players often do the most reckless things at the most inopportune times.

Their carefree attitude in a number of cases have seriously impaired their own usefulness as well as caused their club owner much worry, mentally and financially.

Wrestling in the clubhouse, which is usually filled with benches, concrete seats and other obstructions, is a favorite amusement. Rough house on the Pullman, with only the narrow aisleway to work in, is another happy thought.

Back in 1925 "Rube" Waddell, while in a playful spirit, just about killed any chance Connie Mack had to beat the New York Giants in the world series.

In the east there is a certain day in the fall when the straw hat becomes taboo. If a fellow chooses to wear one, he does so at his peril. Friends of his are always liable to bust the lid. Very often a scuffle ensues while the act is being staged.

Coming into the Pullman as the Athletics were pulling out of Boston one evening late in the fall, "Rube" spotted one of the players still using a straw skydeck. "Rube" decided to smash the straw. He sneaked up carefully and was just about to pounce on the hat when the owner spotted him.

A scuffle resulted in which Waddell finally managed to put the straw hat out of commission. However, before he had accomplished his purpose, he had suffered an injury to his left arm and back which rendered him useless for the rest of the season.

Now that the American League pennant race of 1921 is over, also the world series, it is not breaking faith to tell of a little incident that for a time threatened to put the New York American League club out of the race.

Two Stars Were Injured
The team had just finished its final trip through the west and had been most successful. The club jumped in to Washington before coming home to stage a couple of games there.

Just before the train pulled into Washington "Babe" Ruth and Wally Schang got into a friendly wrestling match over some trivial thing. The first clash resulted in a draw, some of the players finally making the two quit their kidding, which some of the boys feared might result in an injury to either of the stars.

Ruth is just a big kid. He wasn't satisfied that he had been unable to make Schang yell enough. Now Schang is one of the huskiest players in the game. Although "Babe" is considerably larger, Schang was a match for him.

Once more the two went at it. Although the spirit was friendly, yet each was giving the best he had. Suddenly Schang shifted his style, gave Ruth a sudden shove, and the two of them rolled over the side of the seat onto the floor. That ended the wrestling.

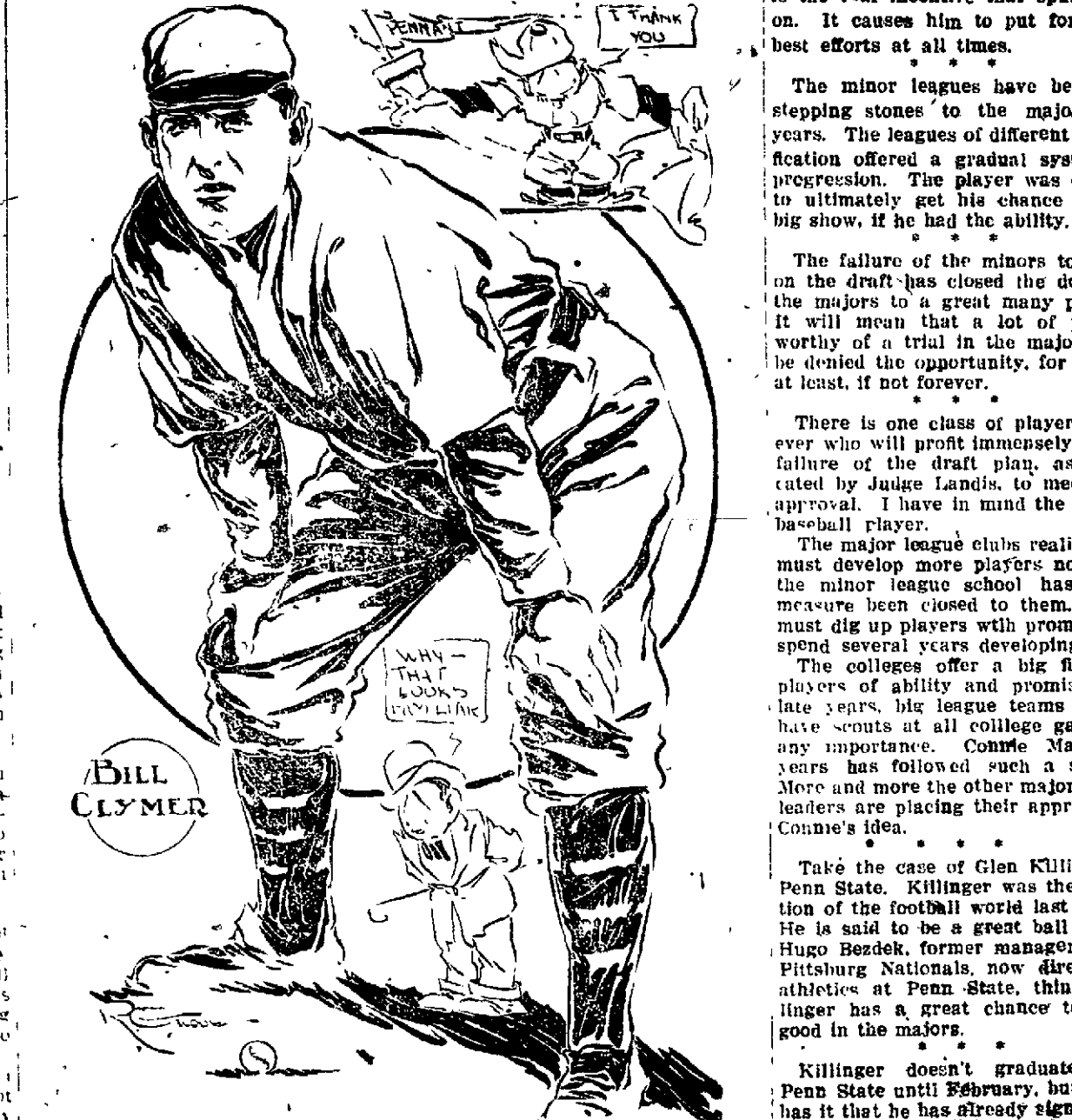
Might Have Cost Pennant
The next day Ruth reported with a very lame back. It was given out that he had slept with a fan blowing on him and had contracted a bad cold. Schang said his arm and back were hurting him as a result of a collision at the plate a few days before.

As a matter of fact the two were out of the lineup at a most important time simply because they chose to be playful on a Pullman. However, there is always a bit of sunshine when the gloom seems thickest.

The injury to Schang made it necessary that Manager Huggins use Catcher Devormer. The foolishness of Ruth and Schang gave Devormer his chance. He made the most of it. Inside of a week he had convinced Manager Huggins and all the New York critics that the Yankees had a most promising backstop.

Previous to this Devormer had gone for about four months, and had been permitted to catch only about two innings. Necessity, created by foolishness, gave him his big chance. He made good with a vengeance. The Yanks need not worry about the catching department.

MIRACLE MAN OF MINORS



George Stallings won a pennant and a world championship with the Boston Braves in 1914.

The Braves that year were considered a very ordinary ball team. No one gave the team a chance.

Immediately the critics labeled Stallings, the "Miracle Man" of baseball.

Bill Clymer, who will manage the Newark team in the International League next year, has been performing stunts like that of George Stallings for years.

The only title that he ever had hung on him was "Derby Day Bill". The reason for the origin of that title is something of a myth.

During his career as a minor league manager, Clymer has done many remarkable things. He has won seven pennants, finished second six times and third three times.

In four other seasons he didn't finish at all, having rows with the club owner on three occasions, while the war put the kibosh on one season.

Clymer has been in minor league baseball, 32 years, 11 of which were confined to playing and 21 to managing.

Bill's popularity extends from coast to coast. He admits managing in every minor league, except those under the sea.

MILLER HUGHES IS CHAMPION TRADER OF ALL TIME

Miller Huggins is the smallest manager in baseball, when stature alone is considered.

When it comes to pulling baseball trades, Huggins is just about the biggest thing in the business. That goes literally.

When Huggins puts over a deal, it seldom involves one or two players as is customary with most managers. No indeed there is nothing of the retail trader about Huggins. He is a wholesaler if there ever was one.

Six times in recent years Huggins has put over deals involving seven players. One of the transactions was made while he was managing the St. Louis Cardinals. The others were made since he joined the Yankees.

Here is a list of the transactions:

1914 — Traded Knott, Shocker, Nunn, Baker, Malsel and Godeon to the St. Louis Browns for Plank and Pratt.

1918 — Traded Love, Walters, Caldwell and Gilhooly to Boston Red Sox for Lewis, Shore and Leonard.

1920 — Traded Shore, McGraw, Smallwood, Hannah, Hyatt, Love and Corhan to Vernon for Mitchell, O'Doul was sent to San Francisco for Love and Corhan.

1921 — Traded Peckinpaugh, Quinn, Piercy and Collins to Boston for Bush, Jones and Scott.

anxious to secure him. Willard already has won 18 letters at Colorado, four in football and three each in basketball, track and baseball.

Failure to adopt the draft rule is going to prove a big boon to the college ball player, likewise the amateur. He is certain to receive much more consideration than ever before.

College football has entered the big business stage.

No longer is the gridiron game merely a form of competition to settle an athletic rivalry, that has existed for years between certain institutions of learning.

That was once the big reason for college football. It was played for sport's sake. If a team managed to finish the season by breaking even on finances everything was considered evenly.

Those days are over. College football has developed into a big spectacle that commands the interest of thousands. Every Saturday throughout the season, there are a number of games in each section of the country, regarded as crucial contests.

With the gate of many teams running well over \$100,000 it is possible to do things in a big way. It enables each institution to secure competent coaching and also provides means for development.

Like major league club owners, the colleges are constantly planning on the future. The alumni with the interest of their alma mater at heart keep their eyes open for promising athletes in the sections in which they live. They report to their college. These reports are filed and looked into.

If a player is found to have unusual ability an effort is made to interest him in this or that college. Of course

care must be used in offering inducements that would reflect on the college.

However, some of the things done border mighty close on professionalism. Often a two-hour a day job in some store nets some athlete \$50 per week, one-fifth of which is probably taken by the store and the other four-fifths by the alumni.

Football in the colleges is a big business. The game is a bigger spectacle.

Likewise all the bigger institutions employ a scout or scouts. The duty of these scouts is to look over the teams on the schedule of their eleven. Very often some of the assistant coaches never see their team play. They are always away looking over future opponents.

EAST WILL CONDUCT FIRST DOG RACE

One of the first dog races ever held in the east will be conducted by the Nansen Ski Club of Berlin, N. H., on February 2, 3, and 4.

The distance covered will be only 120 miles, the idea being to prevent the contest from being so severe as to work any hardship on the dogs.

Jacques Suzanne, a well known artist and dog fancier of the North Woods, will pilot the American entry. There will be several Canadian entries.

The race will be run for a silver cup and three cash prizes of \$300, \$200 and \$100 for first, second and third place respectively.

The first day of the race will cover 42 miles to the Balsams hotel, Dixville Notch, N. H. The second day will cover 48 miles from Balsams to Lancaster and the third day 30 miles from Lancaster to Berlin.

"SPEED KING," RIGHT TITLE FOR WALTER JOHNSON



BY BILLY EVANS
Of all the pitchers who have starred in the major leagues which one had the most speed?

This question is always a subject for much discussion. It is, of course, merely a matter of opinion, since there is no way to make an accurate comparison between the stars of the past and present.

I can speak for the pitchers of the last 20 years. During that time I have seen all of the modern stars in action. I have umpired for most of them. I feel safe in saying that Walter Johnson, when in his prime, had just a little more speed than any of them.

When a pitcher can go through the American League for three years using nothing but a fast ball he certainly must have something on it.

That was the experience of Walter Johnson. Entering the American League in 1907, when it was a very strong organization, Johnson breezed through for three years in sensational style with a fast ball as his only asset.

Later, of course, he acquired a curve, a fair slow ball and a change of pace, but never was he more successful than when he relied on his fast ball.

Believe me, it was some fast ball. He is the only one to remain in active service. While Cobb lacks some of the dash and fire that characterized his play a dozen years ago, he is still able to show the way to most of the athletes, young as well as old.

Ordinarily a player is delighted to get away from a second division club to join a team that has a chance to win the pennant. That is what makes the threat of McInnis that he will not join the Cleveland club excite so much discussion. McInnis will be with Cleveland when the season starts. No doubt he wants Mr. Frazee to hand over a bit of the purchase money. Here's hoping he does.

Unless Cleveland adds more pitching strength, unless St. Louis patches up the weak spot at second, unless Washington shows a more consistent front, New York looks like the one best bet in the American League to win. Of course, there is always a chance that some dark horse may upset the calculations.

I do not feel competent to draw any conclusions or make any comparisons between Rusie and Johnson.

Hughes Jennings, former Detroit manager, now assistant to John McGraw at New York, was a star player when Rusie was in his prime. He battled against him many times. Once he was hit on the head by a thrown ball from Rusie, and almost died as a result of the accident.

Jennings was manager of the Detroit club when Walter Johnson entered the American League. It is rather interesting that Johnson faced the Detroit club in the first major league game he ever worked.

What Hughes Jennings Says
It struck me that no person in baseball was in a better position to pass judgment on Johnson and Rusie than Jennings. During the recent world series I discussed the subject with him. This was his viewpoint:

"Rusie and Johnson are unquestionably the two best fast ball pitchers in the history of the game."

"It is hard for me to say which pitcher had the most speed. Both were very fast when in their prime. They were almost unbeatable."

"The two pitchers used an entirely different style of delivery. Rusie was over-handed all the time, while Johnson is off the side."

"It is always much more difficult to follow the fast ball of a side-arm pitcher than an over-handed twirler. For that reason Johnson always seemed a trifle faster to me than Rusie."

"I am not saying that he actually was faster. I am simply stating that the style of delivery employed by the two made Johnson seem faster because of the greater difficulty in following a side-arm ball."

"I suppose a draw decision would set better, particularly with the old-timers, who have always regarded Rusie as the peer of all fast ball pitchers."

Sport Splinters

Judging from the way the magnates paid out fancy prices for ball players, the season of 1921 was most profitable. If the paying of such prices is due to the desire to beat the income tax, why not cut down the profits by reducing the price of admission? That would serve the purpose, and make a much bigger hit with fandom.

Unless the unexpected should happen, it would seem that Detroit had lost all chance of getting shortstop Everett Cobb. Cobb had hoped to build up his infield around this veteran star. Now that he has gone to New York, in exchange for Peckinpaugh, it would seem Detroit hadn't a look in.

Low Blue was unquestionably the best looking player to be developed in the American League last year. He played a bang-up game at first base for Detroit. It was feared he wouldn't be able to hit. However, his hitting was on a par with his sensational work in the field.

Eddie Ainsmith is slated to do most of the catching for the St. Louis Cardinals next year, according to Manager Pickett. Here is a catcher who was waived out of the American League without any trouble. Proving that you can never tell in baseball.

Howard Shanks will have no opposition at third base at Washington next spring. Every year the Nationals sign a couple of youngsters to replace Shanks, but they never get very far. It is said that Griffith has finally decided that Shanks is better than five or six other third sackers in the American, and the job is his.

Owen Bush, former Detroit Tiger star, now with Washington, is anxious to try managing a minor league club, when all the major league teams decide to waive on him. Bush seems to have a couple of more years of big league ability in his system, and Griffith will probably hold on to him until he has picked up a shortstop who will fill the bill at Washington.

Walter Johnson has been mentioned in connection with "Zeb" Milan, as the next manager of the Washington club. Johnson would scarcely accept the position if it was offered him. Incidentally, it is doubtful if he would make a good manager. Walter is such a likable fellow, the players would be prone to take advantage of his kindly disposition.

Almost every club in the American League offered cash to Connie Mack for Joe Dugan. Connie was willing to listen to trade talk at the American League meeting, but wanted players as well as money. Dugan, with his ability plus youth, is the most valuable third sacker in the American League.

"Red" Faber was one of the few major league pitchers who wasn't bothered by the lively ball last season. With a second division ball club, Faber had one of the greatest years of his career. He seemed to be a better pitcher last year than at any time since he joined the Chicago club. His side arm spitball is a most deceptive delivery.

Elmer Smith of the Cleveland club feels the same way toward Boston as Stuffy McInnis does Cleveland. Smith regards Cleveland as his home, and doesn't like the idea of going to Boston. Incidentally, he doesn't care to play on a club that shunts its players around as does owner Frazee.

Youth must be served in baseball as in all other sports. Of the players who were active in the American League back as far as 1906, Ty Cobb is the only one to remain in active service. While Cobb lacks some of the dash and fire that characterized his play a dozen years ago, he is still able to show the way to most of the athletes, young as well as old.

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